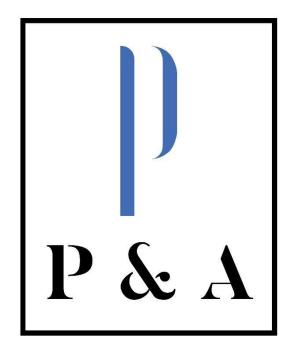
EMINENCE INDEPENDENT BOARD OF EDUCATION AUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION June 30, 2023



PATRICK & ASSOCIATES, LLC

124 Candlewood Drive Winchester, KY 40391

Table of Contents

Independent Auditor's Report	1
Management Discussion and Analysis	
Financial Statements	11
Statement of Net Position	12
Statement of Activities	13
Balance Sheet	14
Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet to the Statement of Net Position	15
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Governmental Funds	16
Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Statement of Revenues, Expenditures,	17
and Changes in Fund Balances to the Statement of Activities	17
Budget and Actual General Fund	18
Budget and Actual Special Revenue Fund	19
Statement of Net Position - Proprietary Funds	20
Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position - Proprietary Funds	21
Statement of Cash Flows - Proprietary Funds	22
Notes to the Financial Statements	23
Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of Net Pension Liability – TRS and CERS	52
Schedule of Contributions CERS and TRS - Pension	53
Notes to Required Supplementary Information – Pension	54
Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability Medical & Life Insurance Plans - TRS – OPE	B 56
Schedule of the Contributions - TRS – OPEB	57
Schedule of District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability – CERS	58
Schedule of Contributions OPEB Liability – CERS	59
Notes to Required Supplementary Information – OPEB	60
Combining Balance Sheet – Non-Major Governmental Funds	62
Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances – Non-Major Governmental Funds	s63
Combined Schedule of Cash Receipts, Cash Disbursements, and Cash Balances - Student Activity Funds	64
Schedule of Cash Receipts, Cash Disbursements, and Cash Balances - Student Activity Funds	65
Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards	67
Notes to the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards	69
Independent Auditor's Report On Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and On Compliance and Other Matter Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with Government Auditing Standards	
Independent Auditor's Report On Compliance for Each Major Program And On Internal Control Over Compliance Required by the Uniform Guidance	72
Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs	



124 Candlewood Drive Winchester, KY 40391

Independent Auditor's Report

Kentucky State Committee for School District Audits Board of Education of the Eminence Independent School District Eminence, KY

Opinions

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Eminence Independent School District as of and for the year ended June 30, 2023, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Eminence Independent School District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Eminence Independent School District, as of June 30, 2023, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof and the respective budgetary comparison for the General Fund and the Special Revenue Fund for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements prescribed by the Kentucky State Committee for School District Audits in the *Independent Auditor's Contract, including Appendix II Instructions for Submissions of the Audit Report.* Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the Eminence Independent School District, and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions

Change in Accounting Principle

As described in Note 1, the Eminence Independent School District implemented the provisions of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 96, *Subscription – Based Information Technology Arrangements*, for the year ended June 30, 2023, which represents a change in accounting principle. Our opinions are not modified with respect to this matter.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the Eminence Independent School District's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and *Government Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and *Government Auditing Standards*, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Eminence Independent School District's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the Eminence Independent School District's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis and pension and OPEB information be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Eminence Independent School District's basic financial statements. The combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements, school activity fund statements, and schedule of expenditures of federal awards, as required by Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards*, are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements.

Supplementary Information (Continued)

The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements, school activity fund statements, and schedule of expenditures of federal awards are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated November 8, 2023, on our consideration of the Eminence Independent School District's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the Eminence Independent School District's internal control over financial report is an integral part of an audit preformed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Eminence Independent School District's internal reporting and compliance.

fammy R. Patrick, CPA

Patrick & Associates, LLC Winchester, Kentucky

November 8, 2023

Eminence Independent School District Management Discussion and Analysis June 30, 2023

This section of Eminence Independent School District's annual financial report presents management's narrative overview (discussion and analysis) of the District's financial performance during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023. We encourage readers to consider the information presented here in conjunction with additional information found within the body of the audit.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS AND ACADEMIC EFFORTS

- In the government-wide statements, the assets and deferred inflows of the District exceeded its total liabilities and deferred inflows on June 30, 2023 by \$5,568,799. Of this amount, \$9,304,827 represents the District's investment in capital assets net of related debt, \$826,741 is restricted and the remainder is an unrestricted net deficit of \$4,562,769.
- The District's ending net position increased by \$3,609,478, primarily due an increase in total assets and deferred outflows of resources offset by a slight increase in total liabilities and deferred inflows of resources.
- The District's governmental funds reported a combined ending fund balance of \$1,978,430, an increase of \$936,882. Approximately 45 percent of this amount, \$887,846 is restricted, 1.5 percent of this amount, \$30,623 is committed for accrued compensated absences and 53.5 percent, \$1,059,961, is available for the District's operating needs.
- The general fund received \$9,302,141 in revenues, which primarily consisted of funding from the State's Support Education Excellence in Kentucky (SEEK) program, and revenues from taxes which include property, motor vehicle, and utility taxes.
- The District levied tax rates of 64.7 cents for both real estate and tangible taxes, and 62.6 cents for motor vehicle taxes per \$100 in assessed value and 3% for utility tax.

MASTERY MODEL OF COLLEGE AND CAREER READINESS

- Systemic ICE (Interventions, Connections, and Enrichments)
- Standards Based Reporting and Grading with comprehensive systems of competencies
- Exemplars of Eminence Excellence which define an Eminence Degree from K-12
- Defense Panels for Graduation (5, 8, 12)
- BE Ready (Early College Bellarmine Experience)
- Early College Classes offered at Eminence High School
- Personalized Progressions for students per level of Mastery, Interests, Learning Style, etc.

STUDENT AGENCY

- District-Wide Deeper Learning Team
- District-Wide Student and Teacher Passion Projects
- Student D.N.A. (Digital Narrative Albums) Cloud-Based Rich Data Model
- Student Voice Surveys, Student Designed Courses, Student Led Course, Student Led PD, etc.
- SPARC Teams (Student Parent Advisor Readiness Councils) Success Teams
- Interest Based Lessons aligned to students SPARC, Career Interests, Hobbies, Skills, etc.
- Tens of Thousands of Dollars raised for Philanthropy and 1000s of hours annually (K-12)
- Expansive Robotics Programming

NEXT GENERATION SKILLS

- ACES (1:1 Initiative) Every Student Receives a Device
- Student Performance Based Assessments
- Next Generation Skills Continuum for Grades K-12
- Design Thinking employed at all Grades (Stanford D-School Framework); 3D Printing, Coding, etc.
- Students master 100s of Web 2.0 Tools while creating a portfolio of their evidence of mastery
- Personalized PD for Teachers
- District-Wide Learning Management System / State Provided Student Information System
- Micro-Credentialing of students and staff
- Follows the CCSSO's Six Core Attributes for Innovative Practice

BUILDING IMPROVEMENTS

- Building Upgrades and Improvements
- Installed New Football Field, Tower, Stadium, Softball Score Board
- Finished renovation of East Campus, Football/Baseball Field, and Main Campus Middle /High HVAC systems
- Installed new signature playground equipment
- Began Installation of turf for elementary playground

Overview of the Financial Statements

The discussion and analysis are intended to serve as an introduction to the District's basic financial statements. The District's basic financial statements consist of three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to the basic financial statements. This report also contains required and other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements themselves.

Government-wide financial statements. The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the District's finances, in a manner like a private-sector business.

The Statement of Net Position presents information on all of the assets and deferred outflows of resources and liabilities and deferred inflows of resources of the District at year-end with the difference reported as net position. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the District is improving or deteriorating.

The Statement of Activities presents information showing how the net position of the District changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported for items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods.

In both statements, the District's activities are shown in one category as governmental activities. The governmental activities of the District include services related to K-12 education. These activities are primarily supported through property taxes, Support Education Excellence in Kentucky (SEEK) funding, and other intergovernmental revenues.

The government-wide financial statements begin on page 12 of this report.

Fund financial statements. A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The District, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All the funds of the District can be divided into three categories: governmental funds, proprietary fund, and fiduciary funds.

Governmental funds.

Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as on balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating a government's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's near-term financing decision. The Governmental Fund Balance Sheet and the Governmental Fund Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities.

The District maintains eight individual governmental funds. Information is presented separately in the governmental fund Balance Sheet and in the governmental fund Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances for the general Fund, special revenue fund, district activity fund, student activity fund, capital outlay fund, Facilities Support Program of Kentucky (FSPK) fund, school construction fund and the debt service fund.

Proprietary funds. The District maintains one type of proprietary fund. The enterprise fund is used to report the same functions presented as business-type activities in the government-wide financial statements. The District uses the enterprise fund to accounts for its operations for food services and day care programs.

Proprietary funds provide the same type of information as the government-wide financial statements, only in more detail.

The basic proprietary fund financial statements can be found on pages 20-22 of this report.

Notes to the basic financial statements

The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the governmentwide and fund financial statements. The notes to basic financial statements start on page 23 this report.

Other information

In addition to the basic financial statements and the accompanying notes, this report also presents certain required supplementary information. This information starts on page 52 of this report.

The District adopts an annual appropriated budget for each of its governmental funds. A budgetary comparison statement has been provided for the general and special revenue fund.

Government-wide Financial Analysis

As noted earlier, net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. In the case of the District, assets and deferred outflows exceeded liabilities and deferred inflows by \$5,601,118 for governmental activities and liabilities and deferred inflows exceeded assets and deferred outflows for business-type activities by \$32,319 at the close of the most recent fiscal year.

	Governmen	tal Activities		pe Activities
	June 30, 2023	June 30, 2022	June 30, 2023	June 30, 2022
Assets				
Current and other assets	\$ 3,181,566	\$ 1,696,139	\$ 130,091	\$ 241,286
Net capital assets	26,519,696	20,111,964	28,786	37,098
Total assets	29,701,262	21,808,103	158,877	278,384
Deferred Outflows of Resources				
Deferred pension differences and contributions				
made after measurement date	2,709,611	1,746,047	93,000	61,930
Deferred saving from refunding bonds	1,983	2,231	-	-
Total deferred outflows of resources	2,711,594	1,748,278	93,000	61,930
Total assets and				
deferred outflows of resources	32,412,856	23,556,381	251,877	340,314
Liabilities				
Current liabilities	1,895,911	1,282,287	-	-
Non-current liabilities:				
Debt service due in more than one year	16,635,614	13,097,660	-	-
Net pension liability	3,329,762	2,905,241	114,285	103,045
Other post-employment benefits liability	3,082,272	2,270,551	105,791	80,533
Total liabilities	24,943,559	19,555,739	220,076	183,578
Deferred Inflows of Resources				
Deferred inflows of resources - pensions	461,481	652,009	15,839	23,126
Deferred inflows of resources - OPEB	1,406,698	1,468,424	48,281	52,083
Total deferred inflows of resources	1,868,179	2,120,433	64,120	75,209
Total liabilities and				
deferred inflows of resources	26,811,738	21,676,172	284,196	258,787
Net position				
Net Investment in Capital Assets	9,276,041	6,473,521	28,786	37,098
Restricted	798,112	109,535	-	-
Other	89,734	-	(61,105)	44,429
Unrestricted	(4,562,769)	(4,702,847)	-	-
Total net position	\$ 5,601,118	\$ 1,880,209	\$ (32,319)	\$ 81,527
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Eminence Independent Board of Education Comparative Statement of Net Position

A significant portion of the District's net position reflects its net investment in capital assets (e.g., buildings, vehicles, and equipment.) The District used the capital assets to provide services to students; consequently, these assets are not available for future spending. Although the District's investment in its capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities.

Government-wide Financial Analysis (Continued)

There were increases in the deferred outflows of resources by \$994,386, an increase in the net pension liability by \$435,761, an increase in the other post-employment benefit liability of \$836,979 and a decrease of \$263,343 reported in deferred inflows. These changes are from the calculation of the pension liability for the District's proportionate share of the pension and other post-employment benefit liabilities.

Changes in net position. District's net position decreased by \$3,609,478 from the prior fiscal year.

Eminence Independent Board of Education Comparative Statement of Activities

The fluctuation in expenses is due to the District's share of pension and other post-employment pension liabilities.

					I	ncrease		
Revenues	Ju	ne 30, 2023	Ju	ne 30 <i>,</i> 2022	(Decrease)			
Program revenues								
Charges for services	\$	106,790	\$	88,788	\$	18,002		
Operating grants and contributions		7,209,253		5,759,666		1,449,587		
Capital grants and contributions		153,483		151,746		1,737		
General revenues								
Property taxes		1,315,381		1,295,644		19,737		
Motor vehicle taxes		180,512		142,616		37,896		
Franchise taxes		48,997		17,024		31,973		
Utility taxes		243,276		231,398		11,878		
State formula grants		4,467,645		4,128,540		339,105		
Food service		37,253		-		37,253		
Student activities		303,584		319,317		(15,733)		
Other local revenue		1,999,621		597,176		1,402,445		
Unrestricted investment earnings		89,429		26,464		62,965		
Total revenues		16,155,224		12,758,379		3,396,845		
Expenses								
Instruction		7,360,756		6,870,877		489 <i>,</i> 879		
Support services		3,002,180		2,577,771		424,409		
Plant operations and maintenance		943,670		936,123		7,547		
Student transportation		362,869		161,725		201,144		
Day care operations		238,129		15,938		222,191		
Community Services Operations		155,533		167,617		(12,084)		
Building improvements		(959,745)		849,283		(1,809,028)		
Debt Service		460,523		207,785		252,738		
Depreciation		308,311		334,318		(26,007)		
Food service operations		679,266		561,375		117,891		
Community education operations		(5,746)		37,874		(43,620)		
Total Expenses		12,545,746		12,720,686		(174,940)		
Change in net position		3,609,478		37,693		3,571,785		
Net position - beginning		1,959,321		1,924,043		35,278		
Net position - ending	\$	5,568,799	\$	1,961,736	\$	3,607,063		

Total revenues increased by \$3,396,845 and total expenses decreased by \$174,940.

Government-wide Financial Analysis (Continued)

As noted earlier, the District used fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. The focus of the District's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of expendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the District's financial requirements. In particular, unassigned fund balance may serve as a useful measure of the District's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

Governmental Activities

The governmental activities include the following funds: general, special revenue, district activity, student activity, capital outlay, facility support program, construction, and debt service. These programs had revenues of \$15,475,989 and expenditures of \$18,817,233. Of the revenues, \$0 related to charges for services, \$6,662,549 from operating grants and contributions, \$153,483 from capital grants and contributions, and \$8,659,957 related to general revenues and transfers.

Business -Type Activities

The business-type activities are food service and daycare services. These programs had revenues of \$666,430 and expenses of \$687,903 for the fiscal year 2023. Of the revenues, \$106,790 related to charges for services, \$546,704 from operating grants and contributions, \$12,936 related to general revenues and transfers.

Overall Business-Type net position decreased by \$111,431 which can mainly be attributed to decrease in federal funding.

General Fund Budget Highlights

The District's budget is prepared according to Kentucky law and is based on accounting for certain transactions on a basis of cash receipts, disbursements, and encumbrances. The State Department of Education requires a zero-based budget with any budgeted remaining fund balance shown as a contingency expense in the budget process. The most significant budgeted fund is the General Fund.

A variance comparison is presented between the final budgeted amounts and the actual amounts. Revenues for the General Fund were budgeted at \$7,995,875 with actual amounts totaling \$9,302,141. Budgeted expenditures were \$9,223,314 compared to actual expenditures of \$9,628,911.

Capital Assets

At the end of the fiscal year 2023, the District had \$26,548,482 invested in capital assets, \$26,519,696 is in governmental activities. For the fiscal year, capital asset increases totaled \$6,819,642 and depreciation totaled \$308,311. At June 30, 2022, the District had \$20,149,062 invested in capital assets, \$20,111,964 is in governmental activities. See detailed table in the notes to the financial statements.

Eminence Independent School District Management Discussion and Analysis (continued) June 30, 2023

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS AND ACADEMIC EFFORTS (Continued)

Debt

At June 30, 2023, the District had \$16,979,000 in bonds outstanding, of this amount \$1,411,564 is to be paid from the KSFCC funding provided by the State of Kentucky. A total of \$566,000 is due within one year. At June 30, 2022, the District had \$13,315,000 in bonds outstanding. See detailed table in the notes to the financial statements.

Request for Information

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the Eminence Independent Board of Education's finances. Questions concerning any of the information provided in the report or requests for additional financial information should be addressed to jesse.allison@eminence.kyschools.us.

Financial Statements

EMINENCE INDEPENDENT BOARD OF EDUCATION

Statement of Net Position

June 30, 2023

	Governmental Activities	Business-type Activities	Total
ASSETS Cash and cash equivalents Receivables	\$ 1,080,917	\$ 116,161	\$ 1,197,078
Taxes -current Intergovernmental - federal Interfund receivables Inventory	18,525 1,120,286 961,838 -	- - - 13,930	18,525 1,120,286 961,838 13,930
Total capital assets, net of depreciation	26,519,696	28,786	26,548,482
Total assets	29,701,262	158,877	29,860,139
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES Deferred outflows - pensions Deferred outflows - OPEB contributions Deferred saving from refunding bonds Total deferred outflows of resources	809,539 1,900,072 1,983 2,711,594	27,785 65,215 93,000	837,324 1,965,287 1,983 2,804,594
Total assets and deferred outflows of resources	32,412,856	251,877	32,664,733
LIABILITIES Accounts payable Interfund payables	29,649 961,838	-	29,649 961,838
Accrued interest payable Unearned revenue Long term liabilities: Due within one year	54,111 211,649	-	54,111 211,649
Bond obligations Capital lease Sick leave Due beyond one year	566,000 58,576 14,088	- - -	566,000 58,576 14,088
Bond obligations Capital lease Sick leave Net pension liability Net OPEB liability	16,413,000 206,079 16,535 3,329,762 3,082,272	- - 114,285 105,791	16,413,000 206,079 16,535 3,444,047 3,188,063
Total liabilities	24,943,559	220,076	25,163,635
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Deferred inflows of resources - pensions Deferred inflows of resources - OPEB Total deferred inflows of resources	461,481 1,406,698 1,868,179	15,839 48,281 64,120	477,320 1,454,979 1,932,299
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND DEFERRED INFLOW OF RESOURCES	26,811,738	284,196	27,095,934
NET POSITION Net Investment in Capital Assets net of related debt Restricted for:	9,276,041	28,786	9,304,827
Capital projects Other Unrestricted	798,112 89,734 (4,562,769)	- (61,105) -	798,112 28,629 (4,562,769)
Total net position	\$ 5,601,118	\$ (32,319)	\$ 5,568,799

EMINENCE INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT Statement of Activities Year Ended June 30, 2023

				,	KPENSE) REVENU IGES IN NET POSI	
	PR	OGRAM REVENU	JES			
Expenses	Charges for Services	Operating Grants and Contributions	Capital Grants and Contributions	Governmental Activities	Business-type Activities	Total
\$ 7,360,756	\$-	\$ 4,891,084	\$-	\$ (2,469,672)	\$-	\$ (2,469,672)
291,950	-	44,926	-	(247,024)	-	(247,024)
	-	429,909	-		-	(287,966)
1,048,108	-	-	-	(1,048,108)	-	(1,048,108)
668,105	-	86,934	-	(581,171)	-	(581,171)
,	-	-	-		-	(276,142)
	-	,	-		-	(911,999)
	-		-	(297,941)	-	(297,941)
	-		-	-	-	-
,	-		-	-	-	-
	-	-	-	, ,	-	1,679,180
	-		153,483		-	(307,040)
299,999		-		(299,999)		(299,999)
11,863,914		6,662,549	153,483	(5,047,882)		(5,047,882)
679,266 (5,746) <u>8,312</u> 681.832	57,829 48,961 106,790	538,472 8,232 546,704			(82,965) 62,939 (8,312) (28,338)	(82,965) 62,939 (8,312) (28,338)
			\$ 153.483	\$ (5.047.882)		<u>_</u>
Taxes: Property tax Motor vehic Franchise ta: Utility taxes State formula g Food Service Student Activitie Other local reve Sale of land Unrestricted inv Transfers Total genera Change in net p Net position - b	es le taxes xes rants es enue vestment earning il revenues and tr osition eginning (restate	ransfers		\$ 1,315,381 180,512 48,997 243,276 4,467,645 37,253 303,584 1,979,244 18,876 84,065 89,958 8,768,791 3,720,909 1,880,209 \$ 5,601,118	\$ - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -	\$ 1,315,381 180,512 48,997 243,276 4,467,645 37,253 303,584 1,980,745 18,876 89,429 - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -
	 \$ 7,360,756 291,950 717,875 1,048,108 668,105 276,142 943,670 362,869 238,129 155,533 (959,745) 460,523 299,999 11,863,914 679,266 (5,746) 8,312 681,832 \$ 12,545,746 General revenue Taxes: Property tax Motor vehic Franchise ta Utility taxes State formula g Food Service Student Activitie Other local reve Sale of land Unrestricted inv Transfers Total genera Change in net p Net position - b 	Expenses Charges for Services \$ 7,360,756 \$ - 291,950 - 717,875 - 1,048,108 - 668,105 - 276,142 - 943,670 - 362,869 - 238,129 - 155,533 - (959,745) - 460,523 - 299,999 - 11,863,914 - 679,266 57,829 (5,746) 48,961 8,312 - 681,832 106,790 \$ 12,545,746 \$ 106,790 \$ 12,545,746 \$ 106,790 \$ 12,545,746 \$ 106,790 General revenues Taxes: Property taxes Motor vehicle taxes Franchise taxes Utility taxes State formula grants Food Service Student Activities Other local revenue Sale of land Unrestricted investment earning Uransfers <td< td=""><td>ExpensesOperating Grants and Contributions\$ 7,360,756\$ -\$ 4,891,084291,950-44,926717,875-429,9091,048,108668,105-86,934276,142943,670-31,671362,869-64,928238,129-238,129155,533-155,533(959,745)-719,435460,523299,99911,863,914-6,662,549679,26657,829538,472(5,746)48,9618,2328,312681,832106,790\$ 7,209,253General revenuesTaxes:Property taxes Motor vehicle taxes Franchise taxes Utility taxesState formula grants Food Service50d ServiceStudent Activities Other local revenue Sale of land Unrestricted investment earnings Transfers Total general revenues and transfers Change in net position Net position - beginning (restated)</td><td>Charges for Services Grants and Contributions and Contributions \$ 7,360,756 \$ - \$ 4,891,084 \$ - 291,950 - 44,926 - 717,875 - 429,909 - 1,048,108 - - - 668,105 - 86,934 - 276,142 - - - 943,670 - 31,671 - 362,869 - 64,928 - 238,129 - 238,129 - 155,533 - 153,483 299,999 - - - 11,863,914 - 6,662,549 153,483 679,266 57,829 538,472 - (5,746) 48,961 8,232 - 8,312 - - - 681,832 106,790 \$ 7,209,253 \$ 153,483 General revenues - - - 7 5,245,746 106,790 \$ 7,209,253</td><td>PROGRAM REVENUES Charges for Grants and Services Capital Grants Grants and Contributions Governmental Activities \$ 7,360,756 \$ - \$ 4,891,084 \$ - \$ (2,469,672) 291,950 - 44,926 - (247,024) 717,875 - 429,909 - (287,966) 1,048,108 - - - (1,048,108) 668,105 - 86,934 - (276,142) 943,670 - 31,671 (911,999) 362,869 - (29,941) 238,129 - 238,129 - - (276,142) - (959,745) - 719,435 - 1,679,180 (307,040) 299,999 - - - (299,999) - - (5,746) 48,961 8,232 - - - - (5,746) 48,961 8,232 - - - - (5,746) 48,961 8,232 - - -</td><td>PROGRAM REVENUES Capital Grants and Charges for Services Capital Grants Grants and Contributions Capital Grants and Contributions Governmental Activities Business-type Activities \$ 7,360,756 \$ - \$ 4,891,084 \$ - \$ (2,469,672) \$ - 291,950 - 44,926 - (247,024) - 717,7875 - 429,909 - (287,966) - 1,048,108 - - - (1,048,108) - 668,105 - 86,934 - (581,171) - 276,142 - - (276,142) - - 343,670 - 31,671 (911,999) - - 155,533 - 1.579,180 - - - (959,745) - 719,435 - (50,74,82) - 11,863,914 - 6,662,549 153,483 (50,047,882) - 679,266 57,829 538,472 - - (82,965) (5,746)</td></td<>	ExpensesOperating Grants and Contributions\$ 7,360,756\$ -\$ 4,891,084291,950-44,926717,875-429,9091,048,108668,105-86,934276,142943,670-31,671362,869-64,928238,129-238,129155,533-155,533(959,745)-719,435460,523299,99911,863,914-6,662,549679,26657,829538,472(5,746)48,9618,2328,312681,832106,790\$ 7,209,253General revenuesTaxes:Property taxes Motor vehicle taxes Franchise taxes Utility taxesState formula grants Food Service50d ServiceStudent Activities Other local revenue Sale of land Unrestricted investment earnings Transfers Total general revenues and transfers Change in net position Net position - beginning (restated)	Charges for Services Grants and Contributions and Contributions \$ 7,360,756 \$ - \$ 4,891,084 \$ - 291,950 - 44,926 - 717,875 - 429,909 - 1,048,108 - - - 668,105 - 86,934 - 276,142 - - - 943,670 - 31,671 - 362,869 - 64,928 - 238,129 - 238,129 - 155,533 - 153,483 299,999 - - - 11,863,914 - 6,662,549 153,483 679,266 57,829 538,472 - (5,746) 48,961 8,232 - 8,312 - - - 681,832 106,790 \$ 7,209,253 \$ 153,483 General revenues - - - 7 5,245,746 106,790 \$ 7,209,253	PROGRAM REVENUES Charges for Grants and Services Capital Grants Grants and Contributions Governmental Activities \$ 7,360,756 \$ - \$ 4,891,084 \$ - \$ (2,469,672) 291,950 - 44,926 - (247,024) 717,875 - 429,909 - (287,966) 1,048,108 - - - (1,048,108) 668,105 - 86,934 - (276,142) 943,670 - 31,671 (911,999) 362,869 - (29,941) 238,129 - 238,129 - - (276,142) - (959,745) - 719,435 - 1,679,180 (307,040) 299,999 - - - (299,999) - - (5,746) 48,961 8,232 - - - - (5,746) 48,961 8,232 - - - - (5,746) 48,961 8,232 - - -	PROGRAM REVENUES Capital Grants and Charges for Services Capital Grants Grants and Contributions Capital Grants and Contributions Governmental Activities Business-type Activities \$ 7,360,756 \$ - \$ 4,891,084 \$ - \$ (2,469,672) \$ - 291,950 - 44,926 - (247,024) - 717,7875 - 429,909 - (287,966) - 1,048,108 - - - (1,048,108) - 668,105 - 86,934 - (581,171) - 276,142 - - (276,142) - - 343,670 - 31,671 (911,999) - - 155,533 - 1.579,180 - - - (959,745) - 719,435 - (50,74,82) - 11,863,914 - 6,662,549 153,483 (50,047,882) - 679,266 57,829 538,472 - - (82,965) (5,746)

EMINENCE INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT

Balance Sheet Governmental Funds June 30, 2023

	Special							Total		
		Revenue Con		Construction		Non-Major				
	Gen	eral Fund	Fund		Fund		Funds			Total
ASSETS										
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	139,870	\$	-	\$	798,112	\$	142,935	\$	1,080,917
Interfund receivables		961,838		-		-		-		961,838
Receivables										
Taxes-current		18,525		-		-		-		18,525
Intergovernmental - federal		-		1,120,286		-		-		1,120,286
Total assets		1,120,233		1,120,286		798,112		142,935		3,181,566
LIABILITIES										
Accounts payable		29,649		-		-		-		29,649
Interfund payable		-		961,838		-		-		961,838
Unearned revenue		-		158,448		-		53,201		211,649
Total liabilities		29,649		1,120,286		-		53,201		1,203,136
FUND BALANCE										
Restricted		-		-		798,112		89,734		887,846
Committed		30,623		-		-		-		30,623
Unassigned		1,059,961		-		-		-		1,059,961
Total fund balance		1,090,584		-		798,112		89,734		1,978,430
TOTAL LIABLITIES AND FUND BALANCE	\$:	1,120,233	\$	1,120,286		798,112	\$	142,935	\$	3,181,566

EMINENCE INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT

Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet to the Statement of Net Position

June 30, 2023

Total Fund Balances - Governmental Funds	\$ 1,978,430
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Net Position are different because:	
Capital assets are not reported in the fund financial statement because they are not current financial resources, but they are reported in the statement of net position	26,519,696
Deferred outflows of resources are not recorded in the governmental fund financials because they do not affect current resources but are recorded in the statement of net position.	
Pension contributions deferred outflows OPEB contributions deferred outflows	809,539 1,900,072
Certain assets (obligations) are not a use of financial resources and therefore, are not reported in the government funds, but are presented in the statement of net position	
Net pension liability Net OPEB liability	(3,329,762) (3,082,272)
Deferred inflows of resources are not recorded in the governmental fund financials because they do not affect current resources but are recorded in the statement of net position	
Pension plan deferred inflows OPEB plan deferred inflows	(461,481) (1,406,698)
Certain liability (such as bond payable, the long-term portion of accrued sick leave, and other accrued liabilities) are not reported in the fund financial statement because they are not due and payable, but are presented in the statement of net position as follows:	
Bonds payable	(16,979,000)
Capital lease payable Accrued interest	(264,655) (54,111)
Accrued interest Accrued sick leave	(54,111) (30,623)
Deferred loss on refunding	 1,983
Net position of governmental activities	\$ 5,601,118

EMINENCE INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Governmental Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

				Special	Co	nstruction	N	lon-Major	Go	Total vernmental
	Ger	neral Fund	Re	venue Fund		Fund		Funds		Funds
Revenues										
From Local Sources										
Taxes										
Property	\$	1,078,957	\$	-	\$	-	\$	236,424	\$	1,315,381
Motor vehicle		180,512		-		-		-		180,512
Franchise		48,997		-		-		-		48,997
Utilities		243,276		-		-		-		243,276
Food Service		-		-		-		37,253		37,253
Earnings on investments		44,696		486		28,874		10,009		84 <i>,</i> 065
Student activities		-		-		-		303 <i>,</i> 584		303 <i>,</i> 584
Other local revenue		182,720		733,943		1,088,000		(25,419)		1,979,244
Intergovernmental - state		7,486,313		368,612		-		872,918		8,727,843
Intergovernmental - federal		36,670		2,519,164		-		-		2,555,834
Total revenues		9,302,141		3,622,205		1,116,874		1,434,769		15,475,989
EXPENDITURES										
Instruction		5,891,980		1,143,265		-		261,776		7,297,021
Support services		_,,		_, ,				,		.,,
Student		247,024		44,926		-		-		291,950
Instructional staff		285,294		423,909		-		8,672		717,875
District Administration		1,048,108		-		-		-		1,048,108
School Administration		581,171		86,934		-		-		668,105
Business		276,142		-		-		-		276,142
Plant operation and maintenance		911,940		31,671		-		59		943,670
Student Transportation		309,983		2,895		-		49,991		362,869
Day care		-		238,129		-		-		238,129
Community Services Operations		-		155,533		-		-		155 <i>,</i> 533
Building improvements		-		-		5,717,520		-		5,717,520
Debt service										
Principal		68,788		-		-		571,000		639,788
Interest		8,481		-		-		452,042		460,523
Total expenditures		9,628,911		2,127,262		5,717,520		1,343,540		18,817,233
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER		(000 0)				((0.0.4.0.4.4)
EXPENDITURES		(326,770)		1,494,943		(4,600,646)		91,229		(3,341,244)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)										
Sale of equipment		-		-		-		18,876		18,876
Bond Proceeds		-		-		4,245,000		-		4,245,000
Bond Discounts		-		-		(75,708)		-		(75 <i>,</i> 708)
Operating transfers in		508,852		22,762		1,229,466		943,698		2,704,778
Operating transfers (out)		(23,511)		(1,517,705)		-		(1,073,604)		(2,614,820)
Total other financing sources and (uses)		485,341		(1,494,943)		5,398,758		(111,030)		4,278,126
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE		158,571		-		798,112		(19,801)		936 <i>,</i> 882
FUND BALANCE - BEGINNING		932,013		-		-		109,535		1,041,548
FUND BALANCE - ENDING	\$	1,090,584	\$		\$	798,112	\$	89,734	\$	1,978,430

EMINENCE INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT

Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances to the Statement of Activities For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:	\$	936,882
Capital outlays are reported as expenditures in this fund financial statement because they use current financial resources, but they are presented as assets in the statement of activities and depreciated over their estimated economic lives. The difference is the amount by which capital outlays exceeds depreciation expense for the year.		
Capital outlays Depreciation Expense Gain on disposal of assets		6,819,642 (299,999) (111,911)
Generally expenditures recognized in the fund financial statements are limited only those that use current financial resources, but expense are recognized in the statement of activities when they are incurred for the following:	to	
Accrued interest Amortization of bond costs		22,114 (36,738)
Governmental funds report CERS contributions as expenditures when paid. However, in the Statement of Activities, pension expense is the cost of benefits earned, adjusted for member contributions, the recognition of changes in deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pension,		
Pension Expense OPEB Expense		(74,789) 95,213
Long-term debt proceeds are reported as other financing resources in funds, th increasing fund balances. In the statement of net position, however, issuing long-term debt increases liabilities and has no effect on net position. Similarly, repayment of principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds but reduces the liability in the statement of net position.	ereby	/
Bond principal repaid Capital lease principal repaid Bond proceeds Sick leave		581,000 58,788 (4,245,000) (24,293)
Change in net position of governmental	\$	3,720,909

EMINENCE INDEPENDENT BOARD OF EDUCATION Budget and Actual General Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

	Budgeted	Amounts		Variance with Final Budget Favorable
	Original	Final	Actual	(Unfavorable)
REVENUES	0.10.11			(0
From Local Sources				
Taxes				
Property	\$ 1,110,800	\$ 1,110,800	\$ 1,078,957	\$ (31,843)
Motor vehicle	127,989	127,989	180,512	52,523
Franchise	20,000	20,000	48,997	28,997
Utilities	230,000	230,000	243,276	13,276
Earnings on investments	17,000	17,000	44,696	27,696
Other local revenue	58,000	58,000	182,720	124,720
Intergovernmental - state	6,426,086	6,426,086	7,486,313	1,060,227
Intergovernmental - federal	6,000	6,000	36,670	30,670
Total Revenues	7,995,875	7,995,875	9,302,141	1,306,266
EXPENDITURES				
Instruction	5,754,318	5,754,318	5,891,980	(137,662)
Support Services				
Student	236,133	236,133	247,024	(10,891)
Instructional Staff	302,496	302,496	285,294	17,202
District Administration	704,691	704,691	1,048,108	(343,417)
School Administration	509,993	509,993	581,171	(71,178)
Business	259,474	259,474	276,142	(16,668)
Plant Operation and Maintenance	741,755	741,755	911,940	(170,185)
Student Transportation	292,644	292,644	309,983	(17,339)
Debt Service	77,269	77,269	77,269	-
Contingency	344,541	344,541		344,541
Total expenditures	9,223,314	9,223,314	9,628,911	(405,597)
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) IN REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES	(1,227,439)	(1,227,439)	(326,770)	900,669
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)				
Operating transfers in	355,931	355,931	508,852	152,921
Operating transfers (out)	(16,500)	(16,500)	(23,511)	(7,011)
Total other financing sources and (uses)	339,431	339,431	485,341	145,910
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	(888,008)	(888,008)	158,571	1,046,579
FUND BALANCE - BEGINNING	888,008	888,008	932,013	44,005
FUND BALANCE - ENDING	\$-	\$-	\$ 1,090,584	\$ 1,090,584

EMINENCE INDEPENDENT BOARD OF EDUCATION Budget and Actual Special Revenue Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

		Budgeted	Am	ounts			Fina	ance with al Budget vorable
	0	riginal	7 (111	Final		Actual	(Unfavorable	
REVENUES							_	
From Local Sources								
Earnings on investments	\$	50	\$	362	\$	486	\$	124
Other local revenue		708,151		770,623		733,943		(36,680)
Intergovernmental - state		320,671		360,636		368,612		7,976
Intergovernmental - federal		742,761		716,364		2,519,164		,802,800
Total Revenues	1	,771,633		1,847,985		3,622,205	1	.,774,220
EXPENDITURES								
Instruction		918,998		1,015,311		1,143,265		(127,954)
Support Services								
Student		43,095		44,926		44,926		-
Instructional Staff		333,771		296,625		423,909		(127,284)
School Administration		87,443		87,443		86,934		509
Plant Operation and Maintenance Student Transportation		- 4,869		500 4,869		31,671 2,895		(31,171) 1,974
Day Care		4,009		4,009		2,895		(238,129)
Community Services Operations		113,355		132,906		155,533		(22,627)
Total expenditures	1	,501,531		1,582,580		2,127,262		(544,682)
·		,501,551		1,502,500		2,127,202		(344,002)
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) IN REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES		270,102		265,405		1,494,943	1	,229,538
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)								
Operating transfers in		16,500		21,197		22,762		1,565
Operating transfers out		(286,602)		(286,602)	(1,517,705)	(1	,231,103)
Total other financing sources and (use		(270,102)		(265,405)	(1,494,943)	(1	,229,538)
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE		-		-		-		-
FUND BALANCE - BEGINNING		-		-		-		-
FUND BALANCE - ENDING	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-

EMINENCE INDEPENDENT BOARD OF EDUCATION Statement of Net Position - Proprietary Funds June 30, 2023

	Enterprise Funds							
		ool Food						
	S	ervices	Da	y Care		Total		
ASSETS								
Current Assets								
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	76,845	\$	39,316	\$	116,161		
Inventories for consumption		13,930		-		13,930		
Total current assets		90,775		39,316		130,091		
Noncurrent Assets								
General equipment		161,129		2,132		163,261		
Accumulated depreciation		(132,343)		(2,132)		(134,475)		
Total noncurrent assets		28,786		-		28,786		
Total Assets		119,561		39,316		158,877		
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES								
Deferred outflows related to pensions		27,735		50		27,785		
Deferred outflows related to OPEB		65,097		118		65,215		
Total deferred outflows of resources		92,832		168		93,000		
LIABILITIES								
Total current liabilities		-		-		-		
Noncurrent liabilities								
Net pension liability		114,078		207		114,285		
Net OPEB liability		105,600		191		105,791		
Total noncurrent liabilities		219,678		398		220,076		
Total liabilities		219,678		398		220,076		
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES								
Deferred inflows related to pensions		15,810		29		15,839		
Deferred inflows related to OPEB		48,194		87		48,281		
Total deferred inflows of resources		64,004		116		64,120		
NET POSITION								
Net Investment in capital assets		28,786		-		28,786		
Restricted		(100,075)		38,970		(61,105)		
Total net position	\$	(71,289)	\$	38,970	\$	(32,319)		

EMINENCE INDEPENDENT BOARD OF EDUCATION Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position - Proprietary Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

	Enterprise Funds					
	School Food					
	Se	Services Day Care		Total		
OPERATING REVENUES						
Lunchroom sales	\$	57,829	\$	-	\$	57,829
Fees		-		48,961		48,961
Total operating revenues		57,829		48,961		106,790
OPERATING EXPENSES						
Salaries & benefits		284,672		582		285,254
Purchased professional services		9,171		434		9,605
Purchased property services		784		-		784
Other purchased services		-		27		27
Supplies		335,026		8,611		343 <i>,</i> 637
Property		3,514		-		3,514
Dues, Fees, and miscellaneous		107		85		192
Depreciation		8,312		-		8,312
Total operating expenses		641,586		9,739		651,325
Operating income (loss)		(583,757)		39,222		(544,535)
NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)						
Federal grants		475,493		-		475,493
Federal donated commodities		26,811		-		26,811
State grants		-		8,232		8,232
State on-behalf payments		36,168		-		36,168
State on-behalf payments		(36,168)		-		(36,168)
Pension expense		(9,415)		15,486		6,071
OPEB expense		(409)		(1)		(410)
Other local revenues		1,501		-		1,501
Earnings from investments		5,364		-		5,364
Total nonoperating revenues (expenses)		499,345		23,717		523,062
Income (loss) before operating transfers		(84,412)		62,939		(21,473)
Operating transfers		(25,522)		(64,436)		(89,958)
Change in net position		(109,934)		(1,497)		(111,431)
NET POSITION - BEGINNING (Restated)		38,645		40,467		79,112
NET POSITION - ENDING	\$	(71,289)	\$	38,970	\$	(32,319)

EMINENCE INDEPENDENT BOARD OF EDUCATION Statement of Cash Flows - Proprietary Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

	Enterprise Funds					
	School Food					
		Services		ay Care		Total
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES Receipts from customers Payments to suppliers Payments to employees	\$	57,829 (324,208) (330,664)	\$	48,961 (9,157) 14,903	\$	106,790 (333,365) (315,761)
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities		(597,043)		54,707		(542,336)
CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCIAL ACTIVITIES Operating grants and contributions		520,571		(7,253)		513,318
Net cash provided (used) by noncapital financing activities		520,571		(7,253)		513,318
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES Operating transfers		(25,522)		(64,436)		(89,958)
Net cash provided (used) by capital financing activities		(25,522)		(64,436)		(89,958)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES						
Interest		5,364				5,364
Net cash provided (used) by investing activities		5,364		-	. <u></u>	5,364
NET INCREASE (DECREASE) IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS - BEGINNING		(96,630) 173,475		(16,982) 56,298		(113,612) 229,773
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS - ENDING	\$	76,845	\$	39,316	\$	116,161
Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net cash provided (used) by operating activities: Operating income (loss) Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to net cash provided (used) by operating activities:	\$	(583,757)	\$	39,222	\$	(544,535)
Depreciation Changes in assets and liabilities:		8,312		-		8,312
Inventory Pension expense OPEB expense Federal donated commodities On-behalf payments expenses		(2,417) (9,415) (409) 26,811 (36,168)		- 15,486 (1) - -		(2,417) 6,071 (410) 26,811 (36,168)
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities	\$	(597,043)	\$	54,707	\$	(542,336)
Schedule of non-cash transactions						
Federal donated commodities	\$	26,811	\$	-	\$	26,811
State on-behalf payments	\$	36,168	\$	-	\$	36,168

Note I – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The accompanying financial statements presented for the Eminence Independent Board of Education are prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America applicable to governmental units, as prescribed by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB). The District's significant accounting and reporting policies are described below.

The Financial Reporting Entity

The Eminence Independent Board of Education, a five-member group, is the level of government, which has oversight responsibilities over all activities related to elementary and secondary school education within the jurisdiction of the Eminence Independent Board of Education ("District"). The District receives funding from local, state and federal government sources and must comply with the commitment requirements of these funding source entities. However, the District is not included in any other governmental "reporting entity" as defined in Section 2100, Codification of Governmental Accounting and Financial Reporting Standards, as Board members are elected by the public and have decision making authority, the power to designate management, the responsibility to develop policies which my influence operations and primary accountability for fiscal matters.

As required by GAAP, these financial statements present the primary government and its component unit, an entity for which the government is considered to be financially accountable. This component unit is reported on a blended basis. A blended component unit, although a legally separate entity, is, in substance, part of the government's operations and so data from this unit is combined with data of the primary government. Separate financial statements are not issued for this component unit.

The District's reporting entity includes the following blended component unit:

The Eminence Independent Board of Education Finance Corporation was formed in accordance with the provisions of KRS Sections 162.120 through 162.300 and Section 162.385, and KRS Chapter 273 and KRS 58.180, as a non-profit, non-stock corporation for the purpose of financing necessary school building facilities on behalf of the Board of Education of the Eminence Independent School District. Under the provisions of existing Kentucky laws, the Corporation is permitted to act as an agency and instrumentality of the District for financing purposes. The Board serves as the Governing Board of the Corporation and all accounting and administrative functions are performed by the District, which records all activity of the Corporation as a blended component unit.

Basis of presentation and accounting

Government-wide

The Districts government-wide financial statements include a Statement of Net Position and a Statement of Activities. These statements report information about the reporting entity as a whole. Fiduciary activities of the District are not included in these statements. The statements distinguish between governmental and business-type activities. Governmental activities generally are financed through property taxes, intergovernmental revenue, and other non-exchange revenues. Business-type activities are financed in whole or in part by fees charged to external parties for goods and services rendered.

The Statement of Activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenue for the business-type activities and for each function of the District's governmental activities. Program revenues includes (a) fees, fines, and charges paid by the recipients of goods or services offered by the programs and (b) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues that are not classified as program revenues, including property taxes and general state aid, are presented as general revenues.

These statements are presented on an "economic resources" measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Accordingly, all the District's assets and long-term liabilities, are included in the accompanying Statement of Net Position. The Statement of Activities presents changes in net position. Under the accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized in the period earned while expenses are recognized in the period the liability incurred.

Certain eliminations have been made as prescribed by GASB Statement No. 34 regarding interfund activities, payables and receivables. All internal balances in the Statement of Net Position have been eliminated except those representing balances between the governmental activities and the business-type activities, which are presented as internal balances and eliminated in the total column. In the Statement of Activities, those transactions between governmental and business-type activities have not been eliminated.

Fund Financial Statements

The fund financial statements of the District are organized into funds, each of which is considered to be a separate accounting entity. Fund accounting is designed to demonstrate legal compliance and to aid management by segregating transactions related to specific district functions or activities. Each fund is accounted for by providing a separate set of self-balancing accounts that comprise its assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, fund equity, revenues, and expenditures/expenses. Funds are organized into three categories: governmental, proprietary, and fiduciary. Major individual governmental funds and enterprise funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

Governmental Fund Financial Statements

Governmental fund financial statements include a Balance Sheet and a Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances for all major governmental funds. An accompanying schedule is presented to reconcile and explain the differences in fund balances and changes in fund balances as presented in these statements to the net position and changes in net position presented in the government-wide financial statements.

All governmental funds are accounted for on a spending or "current financial resources" measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Accordingly, only current assets, deferred outflows of resources, current liabilities and deferred inflows of resources are included in the Balance Sheet. The Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances present increase (revenues and other financing sources) and decreases (expenditures and other financing uses) in net current assets. Under the modified accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized in the accounting period in which they become both measurable and available to finance expenditures of the current period.

Accordingly, revenues are recorded when received in cash, except those revenues subject to accrual (generally collected 60 days after year-end) are recognized when due. The primary revenue sources which have been treated as susceptible to accrual by the District are taxes and intergovernmental revenues. Expenditures are recorded in the accounting period in which the related fund liability is incurred, except for principal and interest on long-term debt, claims and judgments, and compensated absences which are recognized as expenditures to the extent they have matured.

Major Governmental Funds:

<u>General Fund</u> – accounts for the general operating costs for the District and provides supports services to other funds. It accounts for financial resources used for general types of operations. This is a budgeted fund, and any fund balances are considered as resources available for use.

<u>Special Revenue Fund</u> - accounts for proceeds of specific revenue sources (other than expendable trust funds or major capital projects) that are legally restricted to disbursements for specified purposes. It includes federal financial programs where unused balances are returned to the grantor at the close of specified project periods as well as the state grant programs. Project accounting is employed to maintain integrity for the various sources of funds. The separate projects of federally funded grant programs are identified in the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards included in this report.

<u>Construction Fund</u> -The Construction Fund accounts for and reports proceeds from sales of bonds and other revenues to be used for authorized construction.

Non-Major Governmental Funds

<u>District Activity Fund</u> – The District Activity Fund is a special revenue fund type and is used to account for funds collected at individual schools for operation costs of the schools or school district that allows for more flexibility in the expenditures of those funds.

<u>Student Activity Fund</u> – The Student Activity Fund is a special revenue fund type and is used to account for funds student activity that are legally restricted to expenditures for specified purposes imposed by external parties, enabling legislation, or by board action.

<u>Capital Outlay Fund</u> – The Support Education Excellence in Kentucky (SEEK) Fund receives those funds designated by the state as capital outlay funds and is generally restricted for use in financing projects identified in the district's facility plan (including payment of bonded lease obligations).

<u>Facility Support Program (FSKP) Fund</u> - The Facility Support Program of Kentucky (FSPK) accounts for and reports funds generated by the building tax levy required to participate in the School Facilities Construction Commission's construction funding and state matching funds, where applicable. Funds may be used for projects identified in the district's facility plan.

<u>Debt Service Fund</u> – The Debt Service Fund is used to account for the accumulation of resources for, and the payment of, general long-term debt principal and interest and related costs; and for the payment of interest on general obligation notes payable, as required by Kentucky Law.

Proprietary Fund Financial Statements

Proprietary Fund Financial Statements include a Statement of Net Position, a Statement of Revenues, Expense and Changes in Pet position, and a Statement of Cash Flows. The District does not have an internal service fund.

Proprietary funds are accounted for using the "economic resources" measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Accordingly, all assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities and deferred inflows of resources (whether current or noncurrent) are included in the Statement of Net Position. The Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position present increases (revenues) and decreases (expenses) in total net position. Under the accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized in the period earned while expenses are recognized in the period the lability is incurred.

Proprietary Fund Financial Statements (Continued)

Operating revenues in the proprietary funds are those revenues that are generated from the primary operations of the fund. All other revenues are reported as non-operating revenues. Operating expenses are those expenses that are essential to the primary operations of the fund. All other expenses are reported as non-operating expenses.

Enterprise Funds

<u>School Food Services Fund</u> – is used to account for school food service activities, including the National School Lunch Program, which is conducted in cooperation with the U.S. Department of Agriculture (USDA). Amounts have been recorded for in-kind contribution of commodities from the USDA.

<u>Day Care Fund</u> – is used to account for and report the activities of the day care programs where a fee is charged for participating.

Measurement focus and basis of accounting

The accounting and financial reporting treatment is determined by the applicable measurement focus and basis of accounting. Measurement focus indicate the type of resources being measured such as current financial resources or economic resources. The basis of accounting indicates the timing of transactions or events for recognition in the financial statements.

Government-wide and fiduciary fund financial statement are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded at the time liabilities are incurred, regardless of when the related cash flows take place.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under the modified accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized when susceptible to accrual (i.e., when they are "measurable and available"). "Measurable" means the amount of the transaction can be determined and "available" means collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period (60 days). Expenditures are recorded when the liability is incurred, except for unmatured interest on long-term debt which is recognized when due, other post-employment benefits, claims and judgments and compensated absences, which are recognized when expended. Revenues susceptible to accrual are interest, state and local shared revenue and federal and state grants. Expenditure-driven grants are recognized as revenue when qualifying expenditures have been incurred and all other grant requirements have been met.

Budgetary information

The District's budgetary process accounts for transactions on a modified accrual basis of accounting which is consistent with the accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. State law requires the district to formally and publicly examine anticipated receipts and expenditures for the next fiscal year by January 31 (draft budget), adopt a tentative working budget on or before May 30 for the next fiscal year and a final working budget must be submitted to the Kentucky Department of Education (KDE) by September 30 for the current year with a recommended reserve of at least two percent of total budgeted expenditures in the general and school food service funds. The Special Revenue Fund and the Construction fund are multi-year funds. A fund is multi-year when budgeted amounts in that fund may be received and expended over a period extending beyond one fiscal year. A budget projection is created one time for a project (grant or a construction project) which is in the year of its inception. After a budget completion is processed on a project, that budget remains with the project over the lifetime of the project.

Budgetary information (Continued)

Expenditure budgets are appropriated at the major function level for each fund. Appropriations may not legally be overexpended, except in the case of grant receipts which could not be reasonably estimated at the time the budget was adopted.

Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets, deferred outflows, liabilities at the date of the financial statements and reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reported period. Actual results could differ from these estimates.

Assets, deferred outflows, liabilities, deferred inflows, and net position/fund balance

Cash and cash equivalents

The District's cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits, and all highly liquid investments with a maturity of three months or less from the date of the acquisition. For the purposes of the statement of cash flows, the District defines cash and cash equivalents as amounts in demand deposits as well as short-term, highly liquid investments with original maturities of three months or less.

Deposits with Financial Institutions and Investments

The District's policy on investments primarily follow state statutes and regulations which authorize the District to invest in obligations of the United States and of its agencies and instrumentalities, obligations and contracts for future delivery or purchase of obligations backed by the full faith and credit of the United States, obligations of any corporation of the United States government, bonds or certificates of indebtedness of this state, and certificates of deposit issued by or other interest bearing accounts of any bank or savings and loan institution which are insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance.

Prepaid items

Prepaid items are charged to expenditure/expense at the time the items are used (consumption method).

Inventory

Inventory consists of food purchased by the District and commodities granted by the United State Department of Agriculture (USDA). The commodities are recognized as revenues and expenditures by the Food Service Fund when consumed. Any material commodities on hand at year end are recorded as inventory. All purchased inventory items are valued at the lower of cost or market (first-in, first-out) using the consumption method and commodities assigned values are based on information provided by the USDA.

Capital assets

General capital assets are those assets not specifically related to activities reported in the proprietary funds. These assets generally result from expenditures in the governmental funds. These assets are reported in the governmental activities' column of the government-wide statement of net position but are not reported in the fund financial statements. Capital assets utilized by the proprietary funds are reported both in the business-type activities column of the government-wide statement of net position and in the respective funds.

Capital assets (Continued)

All capital assets are capitalized at cost (or estimated historical cost) and updated for additions and retirements during the year. Donated fixed assets are recorded at their acquisition values as of the date received. The District maintains a capitalization threshold of \$5,000. The cost of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend an assets life are expensed.

All reported capital assets are depreciated. Improvements are depreciated over the remaining useful lives of the related capital assets. Depreciation is computed using the straight-line method over the following useful lives for both general capital assets and proprietary fund assets:

Building and improvements	25-50 years
Land improvements	20 years
Technology equipment	5 years
Vehicles	5-10 years
Audio-visual equipment	15 years
Food service equipment	10-12 years
Furniture and fixtures	7 years
Rolling stock	15 years
Other	10 years

Long-term obligations

In the government-wide financial statements long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities. Bond premiums and discounts are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the straight-line method. Bonds payable are reported net of applicable bond premium or discount.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognized bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs, during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

Deferred outflows/inflows of resources

In addition to assets, the Statement of Net Position reports a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separated financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditures) until then. The District reports three types of deferred outflows-contributions to the CERS pension system after the measurement period, contributions to the TRS medical insurance fund after the measurement period and the unrecognized portion of a deferred loss on the refinancing of long-term debt.

In addition to liabilities, the Statement of Net Position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until the appropriate period. The District reports two types of deferred inflows – those related to the net difference projected and actual earning on pension plan investments, and those related to the net difference projected and actual earnings on OPEB plan investments.

Deferred outflows/inflows of resources (Continued)

Pension obligations

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pension, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Kentucky Public Pension Authority (KPPA) – County Employees Retirement-Non-hazardous (CERS) and Teacher's Retirement System of the State of Kentucky (TRS) and additions to/deductions from fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the pensions. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions (OPEB)

For purposes of measuring the net OPEB liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB, and OPEB expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the CERS and TRS and additions to/deductions from fiduciary net position on the same basis as they are reported by these multiple-employer cost-sharing OPEB systems. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized by the pension systems when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value by the pension systems. Both systems publish separate financial statements as described in Note for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions.

Net position flow assumptions

Net position is classified into the following categories:

Net investment in capital assets – consists of all capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation and reduced by the outstanding balances of any bonds or other borrowings that are attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets.

Restricted net position – consists of net position with constraints placed on use either by (1) external groups such as creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments; or (2) law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

Unrestricted net position – consists of all other net position that is not included in the other categories previously mentioned.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use in a specific program or for specific purpose, the District's normal policy is to use restricted resources first to finance its activities.

Fund balance flow assumptions

Sometimes the District will fund outlays for a particular purpose from both restricted and unrestricted resources (the total of committed, assigned, and unassigned fund balance). When fund balance resources are available for a specific purpose in multiple classifications, the District uses the most restrictive funds first in the following order: restricted, committed, assigned, and unassigned as they are needed.

Fund balance policies

Governmental fund equity is classified as fund balance. GASB Statement 54, Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions provides more clearly defined fund balance categories to make the nature and extent of the constraints placed on a government's fund balance more transparent. The following classifications describe the relative strength of the spending constraints placed on purpose for which resources can be used:

Nonspendable: This classification includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are either (a) not in spendable form or (b) legally or contractually required to be maintained intact. Management has classified prepaid items as being non-spendable as they are not expected to be converted to cash.

Restricted: This classification includes amounts for which constraints have been placed on the use of resources which are either.

- 1. Externally imposed by creditors (such as through debt covenants), grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments; or
- 2. Imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

Committed: This classification includes amounts that can only be used for specific purposes pursuant to constraints imposed by formal action (resolution) of the District's Board of Directors, which is the District's highest level of decision-making authority. These amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the Board removes or changes the specified use by taking the same type of action that was employed when the funds were initially committed.

Assigned: This classification includes spendable amounts for a specific purpose. The intent of an assigned fund balance is expressed by either the District's Board, or a subordinate high-level body, such as a finance committee, or an official, such as the superintendent, that has the authority to assign amounts to be used for assigned purposes.

Unassigned: This classification is the residual fund balance for the General Fund. It represents fund balance that has not been assigned, committed, or restricted.

Revenue and expenditures/expenses

Program revenues – amounts reported as program revenues include 1) charges to customers who purchase or use goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function. Taxes and other items not property included amount program revenues are reported instead as general revenues.

Property taxes – Property taxes are levied each August on the assessed value listed as of the prior January 1, for all real and personal property in the county. The billings are considered due upon receipt by the taxpayer; however, the actual date is based on a period ending 30 days after the tax bill mailing. Property taxes collected are recorded as revenues in the fiscal year for which they were levied. Liens are effective when the tax bills become delinquent. The collection period for these assessments was October 15, 2022 through April 17, 2023.

Grants – unreimbursed expenditures due from grantor agencies are reflected in the government-wide financial statements as receivables and revenues. Grant revenues are recorded at the time eligible expenditures are incurred. Cash received from grantor agencies in excess of related grant expenditures is recorded as unavailable revenue on the Balance Sheet and unearned revenue on the Statement of Net Position.

Revenue and expenditures/expenses (Continued)

Compensated absences – upon retirement from the school system, an employee will receive from the District an amount equal to 30% of the value of accumulated sick leave. Sick leave benefits accrued as a liability using the termination payment method. An accrual for earned sick leave is made to the extent that it is probable that the benefits will result in termination payments. On June 30, 2023, this amount total \$30,623.

Implementation of New Accounting Principle

The district adopted the provisions of GASB Statement No. 96, Subscription-Based Information Technology Arrangements (SBITA). The statement defines SBITA; (2) establishes that a SBITA results in a right-to-use subscription assets-an intangible asset-and a corresponding subscription liability; (3) provides the capitalization criteria for outlays other than subscription payments, including implementation costs of a SBITA; and (4) requires note disclosures regarding a SBITA.

Note II – STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE AND ACCOUNTABLITLY

Violations of legal or contractual provisions

This District had no violations of legal or contractual provision in the fiscal year.

Cash deposits and cash equivalents

The Kentucky Revised Statues authorize the District to investment money subject to its control in obligations of the United States; bonds or certificates of indebtedness of Kentucky and its agencies and instrumentalities; savings and loan associations insured by an agency of the United States up to the amount insured; and national or state banks chartered in Kentucky and insured by an agency of the United States providing such banks pledge as security obligations, as permitted by KRS 41.240(4), having a current quoted market value at least equal to uninsured deposits.

Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, a government's deposits may not be returned to it. The District's deposit policy for custodial credit risk requires compliance with the provisions of state law.

At year-end, the District's bank balances were collateralized by securities held by the pledging bank's trust department in the District's name and FDIC insurance. At year end, the carrying amount of the District's cash and cash equivalents was \$1,197,078. The bank balance for the same time was \$1,475,075.

Receivables

Amounts are aggregated into a single account receivable line in the Statement of Net Position and Balance Sheet. Below is the detail of receivable for the governmental funds:

	Special						
Receivables	General Fund		Revenue		Total		
Taxes	\$	18,525	\$	-	\$	18,525	
Intergovernmental-federal		-	1	,120,286		1,120,286	
Total Receivables	\$	18,525	\$ 1	,120,286	\$:	1,138,811	

EMINENCE INDEPENDENT BOARD OF EDUCATION Notes to the Financial Statements Year Ended June 30, 2023

Note II – STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE AND ACCOUNTABLITY (Continued)

Capital assets

The changes in capital assets for the year ended June 30, 2023, are as follows:

	Balance July 1, 2022	Increases	Decreases	Balance June 30, 2023	
Governmental activities:					
Non-depreciable capital assets					
Land	\$ 176,017	\$-	\$-	\$ 176,017	
Construction in progress	7,008,303	6,535,352		13,543,655	
Total -Non-depreciable capital assets	7,184,320	6,535,352		13,719,672	
Depreciable capital assets					
Buildings and Building Improvements	15,225,563	141,913	-	15,367,476	
Technology equipment	643,825	12,178	91,244	564,759	
Vehicles	843,589	36,339	140,918	739,010	
General equipment	859,282	93,860	-	953,142	
Total - Depreciable capital assets	17,572,259	284,290	232,162	17,624,387	
Less: Accumulated depreciation					
Buildings and building Improvements	3,200,485	156,851	-	3,357,336	
Technology equipment	590,452	12,620	91,244	511,828	
Vehicles	382,380	73 <i>,</i> 580	29,007	426,953	
General equipment	471,298	56,948		528,246	
Total - Accumulated depreciation	4,644,615	299,999	120,251	4,824,363	
Governmental Activities Capital Assets - net	\$ 20,111,964	\$ 6,519,643	\$ 111,911	\$ 26,519,696	
Business-Type Activities					
General equipment	\$ 163,261	\$-	\$-	\$ 163,261	
Total -Non-depreciable capital assets	163,261			163,261	
Less: Accumulated depreciation General equipment	126,163	8,312	-	134,475	
Total - Depreciable capital assets	126,163	8,312		134,475	
Business-Type Activities Capital Assets -net	\$ 37,098	\$ (8,312)	<u>\$</u> -	\$ 28,786	

*Depreciation expense was not allocated to governmental functions. It appears on the statement of activities as "unallocated".

Note III – DETAILED NOTES ON ALL ACTIVITIES AND FUNDS

Pension obligations

The District participates in both the Teachers' Retirement System of the State of Kentucky (TRS) and the Kentucky Public Pensions Authority (KPPA) - County Employees Retirement System (CERS) for non-hazardous duties based on each position's college degree requirement. The County Employees Retirement System covers employees whose position does not require a college degree or teaching certification. The Teachers Retirement System covers positions requiring teaching certification or otherwise requiring a college degree.

Teacher's Retirement System of the State of Kentucky (TRS)

Plan Description

TRS was created by the 1938 General Assembly and is governed by Chapter 161 Section 220 through Chapter 161 Section 990 of the Kentucky Revised Statutes (KRS). TRS is a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit plan with a special funding situation established to provide retirement annuity plan coverage for local school districts and other public educational agencies in the Commonwealth of Kentucky. KRS 161.250 provides that the general administration and management of TRS, and the responsibility for its proper operation, is vested in a board of trustees. TRS is a blended component unit of the Commonwealth of Kentucky and therefore is included in the Commonwealth's financial statements. TRS covers positions requiring teaching certification or otherwise requiring a college degree as well as any person providing part-time or substitute teaching services that are the same or similar to those teaching services provided by full-time, certified teachers. Copies of the TRS Financial Report Actuarial Valuations obtained Comprehensive Annual and may be at: https://trs.ky.gov/administration/financial-reports-information/.

Pension Benefits

For members who have established an account in a retirement system administered by the Commonwealth prior to July 1, 2008, members become vested when they complete five (5) years of credited service. To qualify for monthly retirement benefits, payable for life, members must either 1) attain age fifty-five (55), or 2) complete 27 years of Kentucky service.

Participants that retire before age 60 with less than 27 years of service receive reduced retirement benefits. Non-university members with an account established prior to July 1, 2002 receive monthly payments equal to two (2) percent (service prior to July 1, 1983) and two and one-half (2.5) percent (service after July 1, 1983) of their final average salaries for each year of credited service. New members (including second retirement accounts) after July 1, 2002 will receive monthly benefits equal to 2% of their final average salary for each year of service if, upon retirement, their total service is than ten years. New members after July 1, 2002 who retire with ten or more years of total service will receive monthly benefits equal to 2.5% of their final average salary for each year of service is then years.

Employees who retire July 1, 2004 or later with more than 30 years of service will have their multiplier increased for all years over 30 from 2.5 % to 3.0% to be used in their benefit calculation. Effective July 1, 2008 the system has been amended to change the benefit structure for members hired on or after that date. For members who enter TRS on or after January 1, 2022 TRS created a hybrid retirement plan with a foundational benefit which pays a lifetime retirement annuity.

Final average salary is defined as the member's five (5) highest annual salaries for those with less than 27 years of service. Employees at least age 55 with 27 or more years of service may use their three (3) highest annual salaries to compute the final average salary. TRS also provides disability benefits for vested employees at the rate of sixty (60) percent of the final average salary. When calculating the final average salary for employees entering the service on or after January 1, 2022 increases in compensation in the last five years prior to retirement are limited to the highest percentage increase generally available to the district's employees.

Note III - DETAILED NOTES ON ALL ACTIVITIES AND FUNDS (Continued)

Pension Benefits (Continued)

Cost of living adjustments are provided at the discretion of the General Assembly. Retirement is based on a factor of the number of years' service and hire date multiplied by the average of the highest five years' earnings. Reduced benefits are based on factors of both of these components. Participating employees become eligible to receive the health insurance benefit after at least 180 months of service. Death benefits are provided for both death after retirement and death prior to retirement. Death benefits after retirement are \$5,000 in lump sum. Five years' service is required for death benefits prior to retirement and the employee must have suffered a duty-related death. The decedent's beneficiary will receive the higher of the normal death benefit and \$10,000 plus 25% of the decedent's monthly final rate of pay and any dependent child will receive 10% of the decedent's monthly final rate of pay up to 40% for all dependent children. Five years' service is required for nonservice-related disability benefits.

For members hired on or after January 1, 2022, new members must be age 57 and have 10 years of service or age 65 and 5 years of service. The annual foundational benefit for members is equal to service times a multiplier times final average salary. The multiplier for non-university members who are age 65 and over with 5-9.99 years of service is 1.90%. The multiplier for non-university members with 10-19.99 years of service who are age 57-60 is 1.70%, age 61 - 1.74%, age 62 - 1.78%, age 63 - 1.82%, age 64 - 1.86% and age 65 and over 1.90%. The multiplier for non-university members with 20-29.99 years of service who are age 57-60 is 1.95%, age 61 - 1.99%, age 62 - 2.03%, age 63 - 2.07%, age 64 - 2.11% and age 65 and over 2.15%. The multiplier for non-university members with 30 or more years of service who are age 57-60 is 2.20%, age 61 - 2.24%, age 62 - 2.28%, age 63 - 2.32%, age 64 - 2.36% and age 65 and over 2.40%. The annual foundational benefit is reduced by 6% per year from the earlier of age 60 or the date the member would have completed 30 years of service. The annual supplemental benefit is equal to the account balance which includes member and employer contributions and interest credited annually on June 30. Options include annuitizing the balance or receiving the balance as a lump sum either at the time of retirement or at a later date.

Contributions

Contribution rates are established by Kentucky Revised Statutes ("KRS"). Non-university employees are required to contribute 9.105% of their salaries to the System. The Commonwealth, as a non-employer contributing entity, pays matching contributions at the rate of 16.105% of salaries for local school district and regional cooperative employees hired before July 1, 2008 and 16.105% for those hired after July 1, 2008. For local school district and regional cooperative employees whose salaries are federally funded, the employer contributes 16.105% of salaries. The required matching contribution for those employees classified as critical shortage is 24.8%. If an employee leaves covered employment before accumulating five (5) years of credited service, accumulated employee pension contributions plus interest are refunded to the employee upon the member's request.

Kentucky Public Pensions Authority (KPPA) - County Employees Retirement System (CERS)

Plan Description

Under the provisions of KRS 61.645, the Board of Trustees of the Kentucky Public Pensions Authority (KPPA) administers CERS and has the authority to establish and amend benefit provisions. CERS was created by the Kentucky General Assembly pursuant to the provision of KRS 78.520. CERS is a cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan administered by the Kentucky General Assembly. KRS is a blended component unit of the Commonwealth of Kentucky and therefore is included in Commonwealth's financial statements. employees the CERS covers whose positions do not require a degree, substantially all full-time classified employees and these positions are considered non-hazardous. Copies of the TRS Comprehensive Annual Financial Report and Actuarial Valuations may be obtained at https://kyret.ky.gov/Employers/GASB/Pages/default.aspx.

Kentucky Public Pensions Authority (KPPA) - County Employees Retirement System (CERS) (Continued)

Pension Benefits

CERS provides retirement, health insurance, death and disability benefits to CERS plan employees and beneficiaries. Employees are vested in the plan after five years' service. For retirement purposes employees are grouped into three tiers, based on hire date:

Tier 1	Participation date Unreduced retirement Reduced retirement	Before September 1, 2008 27 years' service or 65 years old At least 5 years' service and 55 years old At least 25 years' service and any age
Tier 2	Participation date Unreduced retirement	September 1, 2008 – December 31, 2013 At least 5 years' service and 65 years old Or age 57+ and sum of service years plus age equal 87
	Reduced retirement	At least 10 years' service and 60 years old
Tier 3	Participation date	After December 31, 2013
	Unreduced retirement	At least 5 years' service and 65 years old Or age 57+ and sum of service years' equal 87
	Reduced retirement	Not available

Contributions

CERS pension benefits are grouped into three tiers, based on the hire date:

Tier 1 plan members who began participating prior to September 1, 2008, are required to contribute 5% (non-hazardous) or 8% (hazardous) of their annual creditable compensation. These members are classified in the Tier 1 structure of benefits. Interest is paid each June 30 on members' accounts at a rate of 2.5%. If a member terminates employment and applies to take a refund, the member is entitled to a full refund of contributions and interest.

Tier 2 plan members, who began participating on, or after, September 1, 2008 and before January 1, 2014, are required to contribute 6% (non-hazardous) or 9% (hazardous) of their annual credit compensation, while 1% of these contributions are deposited to an account created for the payment of health insurance benefits under 26 USC Section 401(k) in the Pension Fund (See Kentucky Administrative Regulation 105 KAR 1:420 Employer's administrative duties). These members are classified in the Tier 2 structure of benefits. Interest is paid each June 30th on members' accounts as a rate of 2.5%. If a member terminates employment and applies to take a refund, the member is entitled to a full refund of contributions and interest; however, the 1% contribution to the 401(h) account is non-refundable and is forfeited.

Tier 3 plan members, who began participating on, or after, January 1, 2014, are required to contribute to the Cash Balance Plan. The Cash Balance Plan is known as a hybrid plan because it has characteristics of both a defined benefit plan and a defined contribution plan. Members in the plan contribute a set percentage of their salary each month to their own account. Members contribute 5% (non-hazardous) or 8% (hazardous) of their annual creditable compensation, and an additional 1% to the health insurance fund (401(h) account) which is not credited to the member's account and is not refundable. The employer contribution rate is set annually by the KPPA board based on an actuarial valuation. The employer contributes a set percentage of the member's salary. Each month, when employer contributions are received an employer pay credit is deposited to the member's account.

Contributions (Continued)

Tier 3 plan members (continued)

A member's account is credited with a 4% (non-hazardous) or 7.5% (hazardous) employer pay credit. The employer pay credit represents a portion of the employer contribution. CERS contribution rates for non-hazardous employees for pension 23.40%, insurance 3.39% for a combined total of 26.79%.

Funding for CERS is provided by members, who contribute 5.00% (6.00% for employees hired after September 1, 2008) of their salary through payroll deductions, and by employers of members. For the year ending June 30, 2023, employers were required to contribute 26.79% of the member's salary. During the year ending June 30, 2023, the District contributed \$805,686 to the CERS pension plan. The contribution requirements of CERS are established and may be amended by the CERS Board of Trustees.

Other Retirement Plans

The District also offers employees the option to participate in defined contribution plans under Sections 403(B) and 401(K) of the Internal Revenue Code. All regular full-time and part-time employees are eligible to participate and may contribute up the maximum allowable by laws. These plans are administered by an independent third-party administrator. The District offers its employees a deferred compensation plan created in accordance with Internal Revenue Code Section 457. The plan, available to all employees, permits them to defer a portion of their salary until future years. This deferred compensation is not available to employees until their termination, retirement, death or unforeseeable emergency. GASB Statement No. 32, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Internal Revenue Code Section 457 Deferred Compensation Plans, allows entities with little or no administrative involvement and who do not perform the investing function for these plans to omit plan assets and related liabilities from their financial statement statements. The District, therefore, does not report these assets and liabilities on its financial statements. Employee contributions made to the plan during the year total \$17,471. The District does not contribute to these plans.

Pension liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

On June 30, 2023, the District reported a liability for its proportionate share of the net pension liability for CERS. The District did not report a liability for the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability for TRS because the Commonwealth of Kentucky provides the pension support directly to TRS on behalf of the District.

The amount recognized by the District as its proportionate share of the net pension liability, the related Commonwealth support, and the total portion of the net pension liability that was associated with the District were as follows:

District's proportionate share of the net CERS pension liability	\$ 3,444,047	
Commonwealth's proportionate share of the net TRS pension		
liability associated with the District	 21,448,444	_
	\$ 24,892,491	

The net pension liability for each plan was measured as of June 30, 2022, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date.

The District's portion of the net pension liability for CERS was based on the actual liability of the employees and former employees relative to the total liability of the System as determined by the actuary. On June 30, 2022, the District's proportion was .047642%.

Pension liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions (Continued)

For the year ended June 30, 2023, the District recognized CERS pension expense of \$331,510 which is a \$284,494 increase in governmental funds and \$47,016 increase in proprietary funds and \$123,652 related to TRS as being paid. The adjusted pension expense recognized on the statement of activities, based on actuarial valuation for the year ended June 30, 2022, was \$68,718 (an increase of \$74,789 in governmental funds and an increase of \$6,071 in the business type activity funds). The District also recognized revenue of \$1,999,256 for TRS support provided by the Commonwealth.

On June 30, 2023, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pension from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources		Deferred Inflows of Resources	
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	3,682	\$	30,671
Changes of assumptions		-		-
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan		468,632		380,339
Changes in proportion and difference between District contributions				
and proportionate share of contributions		33,500		66,310
District contributions subsequent to the measurement date		331,510		-
	\$	837,324	\$	477,320

The amount reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pension resulting from District contributions subsequent to the measurement date is \$331,510 and will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ending June 30, 2023. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Fiscal Year Ending	
June 30:	 Amount
2023	\$ (49,111)
2024	8,710
2025	(28,942)
2026	97,837
2027	-
Thereafter	-

Actuarial assumptions

The actuarially determined contributions effective for fiscal year ending 2022 were calculated as of June 30, 2020. Based on the June 30, 2020 actuarial valuation report, the actuarial methods and assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

	CERS	KTRS
Inflation	2.30%	2.50%
Projected Salary Increases	3.30% to 10.30%, varies by service	3.00% to 7.50%
Investment rate of return, net of		
investment expense and inflation	6.25%	7.10%

Actuarial assumptions (Continued)

For TRS, Mortality rates were based on the RP-2000 Combined Mortality Table for Males or Females, as appropriate, with adjustments for mortality improvements based on a projection of Scale BB to 2025 with a setback of 2 years for males and 1 year for females.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a log-normal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighing the expected future renewal rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation.

The target asset allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class, as provided by TRS's investment consultant, are summarized in the following table:

	Target	Long-Term Expected Real
Asset Class	Allocation	Rate of Return
Large Cap U.S. Equity	37.4%	4.2%
Small Cap U.S. Equity	2.6%	4.7%
Developed International Equity	16.5%	5.3%
Emerging Markets Equity	5.5%	5.4%
Fixed Income	15.0%	-0.1%
High Yield Bonds	2.0%	1.7%
Other Additional Categories	5.0%	2.2%
Real Estate	7.0%	4.0%
Private Equity	7.0%	6.9%
Cash	2.0%	-0.3%
Total	100.0%	

For CERS, the mortality table used for active members is RP-2000 Combined Mortality Table projected with Scale BB to 2013 (multiplied by 50% for males and 30% for females). For healthy retired members and beneficiaries, the mortality table used is the RP-2000 Combined Mortality Table projected with Scale BB to 2013 (set back one year for females). For disabled members, the RP-2000 Combined Disabled Mortality Table projected with Scale BB to 2013 (set back four years for males) is used for the period after disability retirement.

For CERS, the long-term expected return on plan assets is reviewed as part of the regular experience studies prepared every five years. The most recent analysis, performed for the period covering fiscal years 2010 through 2015, is outlined in a report dated August 30, 2014. Several factors are considered in evaluating the long-term rate of return assumption including long-term historical data, estimates inherent in current market data, and a log-normal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected return, net of investment expense and inflation) were developed by the investment consultant for each major asset class. These ranges were combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and then adding expected inflation. The capital market assumptions developed by the investment consultant are intended for use over a 10-year horizon and may not be useful in setting the long-term rate of return for funding pension plans which covers a longer timeframe. The assumption is intended to be a long-term assumption and is not expected to change absent a significant change in the asset allocation, a change in the inflation assumption, or a fundamental change in the market that alters expected returns in future years.

Page 38

Actuarial assumptions (Continued)

The target asset allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class, as provided by CERS's investment consultant, are summarized in the following table:

		Long-Term
	Target	Expected Real
Asset Class	Allocation	Rate of Return
Equity	60.00%	
Public Equity	50.00%	4.45%
Private Equity	10.00%	10.15%
Fixed Income	20.00%	
Core Bonds	10.00%	0.28%
Specialty Credit/High Yield	10.00%	2.28%
Cash	0.00%	-0.91%
Inflation Protected	20.00%	
Real Estate	7.00%	3.37%
Real Return	13.00%	4.07%
Expected Real Return	100.00%	4.28%
Long-Term Inflation Assumption		2.30%
Expected Nominal Return For Portfolio		6.58%

Discount Rate

For TRS, the discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.10%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that plan member contributions will be made at the current contribution rates and the employer contributions will be made at statutorily required rates. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan employees until the 2038 plan year. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments through 2035 and a municipal bond index rate of 3.50% was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments after 2035. The Single Equivalent Interest Rate ("SEIR") that discounts the entire projected benefit stream to the same amount as the sum of the present values of the two separate benefit payments streams was used to determine the total pension liability.

For CERS, the discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 6.25%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from plan employees and employers will be made at statutory contribution rates. Projected inflows from investment earnings were calculated using the long-term assumed investment return of 6.25%. The long-term investment rate of return was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

The projection of cash flows used to determine the single discount rate must include an assumption regarding actual employer contributions made each future year. The future contributions are projected assuming that each participating employer in the System contributes the actuarially determined employer contribution rate each future year calculated in accordance with the current funding policy. The assumed future employer contributions reflect the provisions of House Bill 362 (passed during the 2018 Legislative session) which limit the increases to the employer contribution rates to 12% over the prior fiscal year through June 30, 2028.

Discount Rate (Continued)

Sensitivity of CERS and TRS proportionate share of net pension liability to changes in the discount rate-- The following table presents the net pension liability of the District, calculated using the discount rates selected by each pension system, as well as what the District's net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower or 1-percentage-point higher than the current rate:

				Current		
	19	6 Decrease	Dis	scount Rate	19	% Increase
TRS		6.10%		7.10%		8.10%
District's proportionate share of net pension liability	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
CERS		5.25%		6.25%		7.25%
District's proportionate share of net pension liability	\$	4,304,631	\$	3,444,047	\$	2,732,272

Other postemployment benefit (OPEB) obligations

The District's employees are provided with two OPEB plans, based on each position's college degree requirement. TRS covers positions requiring teaching certification or otherwise requiring a college degree. The CERS covers employees whose position does not require a college degree or teaching certification. Retired district employees receive some health care benefit depending on their length of service. In accordance with Kentucky Revised Statues, these benefits are provided and advance funded on an actuarially determined basis through the TRS and CERS plans. The TRS publicly available financial report may be obtained from https://trs.ky.gov/administration/financial-reports-information/. CERS issues a publicly available financial report that can be obtained at https://kyret.ky.gov/Employers/GASB/Pages/default.aspx.

TRS – OPEB

The Commonwealth of Kentucky (State) reports a liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources, and expenses as a result of the statutory requirement to contribute to the TRS Medical Insurance (Health Trust) and Life Insurance Plans (Life Trust). The following information is about the TRS plans:

TRS Medical Insurance Fund (Health Trust)

Plan description

In addition to the retirement annuity plan described previously, KRS 161.675 requires TRS to provide access to postemployment healthcare benefits for eligible employees and dependents. The TRS medical plan (Health Trust) is a costsharing multiple-employer defined benefit plan. The Health Trust is funded by employer and member contributions. Changes to the medical plan may be made by the TRS Board of Trustees, the Kentucky Department of Employee Insurance (KDEI), and the General Assembly.

The TRS medical plan is funded by employee contributions to an account established pursuant to 26 U.S.C. sec. 401(h). Additional funding is derived from the Kentucky Teacher's' Retirement System insurance trust fund that went into effect on July 1, 2010. The insurance trust fund provides a trust separate from the account established pursuant to 26 U.S.C. sec. 401(h). The insurance trust fund includes employer and retired member contribution required under KRS 161.550 and KRS 161.675(4)(b).

TRS Medical Insurance Fund (Health Trust) (Continued)

Benefits Provided

To be eligible for medical benefits, the member must have retired either for service or disability. The TRS Medical Insurance Fund offers coverage to members under the age of 65 through the Kentucky Employees Health Plan administered by the Kentucky Department of Employee Insurance. TRS retired members are given a supplement to be used for payment of their health insurance premium. The amount of the member's supplement is based on a contribution supplement table approved by the TRS Board of Trustees. The retired member pays premiums in excess of the monthly supplement. Once retired members and eligible spouses attain age 65 and are Medicare eligible, coverage is obtained through the TRS Medicare Eligible Health Plan.

Contributions

In order to fund the post-retirement healthcare benefit, 7.50% of the gross annual payroll of members is contributed. 3.75% is paid by member contributions and .75% from State appropriation and 3.00% from the employer. The State contributes the net cost of health insurance premiums for members who retired on or after July 1, 2010, who are in the non-Medicare eligible group. Also, the premiums collected from retirees as described in the plan description and investment interest help meet the medical expenses of the plan.

The CERS Non-hazardous Insurance Fund is a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit Other Postemployment Benefits ("OPEB") plan for members that cover all regular full-time members employed in non-hazardous duty positions of any State department, board, agency, county, city, school board, and any additional eligible local agencies electing to participate. The plan provides for health insurance benefits to plan members. OPEB may be extended to beneficiaries of plan members under certain circumstances.

TRS Postemployment Life Insurance Benefits (Life Trust)

As provided by Kentucky Revised Statute 161.655, TRS administers the Life Insurance Plan for eligible active and retired members. The TRS Life Insurance Plan is a cost-sharing multiple employer defined benefit plan with a special funding situation. Changes to the Plan may be made by the TRS Board of Trustees and the General Assembly.

Benefits Provided

The TRS Life Insurance Plan provides a life insurance benefit of \$5,000 payable for members who retire based on service or disability. Active members may receive a \$2,000 lump sum payable. The benefit is payable to the member's estate or to a party designated by the member.

Contributions

In order to fund the post-retirement life insurance benefit, three hundredths of one percent (.03%) of the gross payroll of members is contributed by the state.

CERS – OPEB

Plan description

CERS health insurance benefits are subject to various participation dates to determine eligibility and health insurance contribution rates. For employees who initiated participation in the CERS system prior to July 1, 2003. KPPA pays a percentage of the monthly contribution rate for insurance covered based on the retired member's years of service and type of service. Non-hazardous members receive a contribution subsidy for both the member and dependent coverage.

CERS – OPEB (Continued)

Benefits provided

Percentage of premium subsidies for CERS ranges from 0% for less than 4 years of service to 100% for 20 years or more service. For members who initiated participation in CERS system after July 1, 2003 until August 31, 2008, members must have 120 months of service in a state-administered retirement system to qualify for participation in the KPPA health plans.

Members who began participating with KPPA on or after September 1, 2008 must have 180 months of service upon retirement to participate in the KPPA health plans. Non-hazardous retiree receives \$10 toward the monthly premium for each full year of service.

OPEB Liabilities, OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEBs

Contributions

CERS allocates a portion of the employer contributions to the health insurance benefit plan. For the 2022 measurement period, CERS allocated 3.39% of the 26.79% actuarially required contribution rate paid by employers for funding the healthcare benefit. In addition, 1% of the tier 2 and 3 employee contributions of 6% are allocated to the health insurance plan.

On June 30, 2022, the amount recognized by the District as its proportionate share of the net OPEB liability, the related Commonwealth support, and the total portion of the net OPEB liability with the District were as follows:

District's proportionate share of the net TRS OPEB MIF liability	\$ 2,248,000
District's proportionate share of the net CERS OPEB MIF liability	 940,063
Total district proportionate share	 3,188,063
Commonwealth's proportionate share of the net TRS OPEB - MIF	
liability associated with the District	 738,000
	\$ 3,926,063

For the year ended June 30, 2023, the District recognized CERS OPEB expense of \$48,026 which is a \$46,433 increase in governmental funds, \$1,594 increase in proprietary funds, and \$123,652 related to TRS as being paid. The net OPEB liability for each plan was measured as of June 30, 2022, and the total OPEB liability used to calculate the net OPEB liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2020. For the year ended June 30, 2023, based on actuarial valuation, the district recognized on the statement of activities adjusted total net OPEB expense of \$(94,803), (decrease of \$95,213 in governmental funds and an increase of \$410 in the business type activity funds).

Contributions (Continued)

On June 30, 2023, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the followings sources:

		Deferred utflows of		Deferred nflows of
	F	Resources	F	Resources
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	94,625	\$	1,160,578
Changes of assumptions		605,678		122,509
Net difference between project and actual earnings on OPEB plan				
investments		295,049		136,895
Changes in proportion and difference between District contributions				
and proportionate share of contributions		798,257		34,997
District contributions subsequent to the measurement date		171,678		-
Total	\$	1,965,287	\$	1,454,979

Of the total amount reported as deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB, \$171,678 resulting from District contributions subsequent to the measurement date and before the end of the fiscal year will be included as a reduction of the collective net OPEB liability in the Year Ended June 30, 2023. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in the District's OPEB expense as follows:

Fiscal Year Ending	Amounts				
June 30:		TRS	CERS		
2023	\$	25,000	27,587		
2034		22,000	1,970		
2025		15,000	(65,331)		
2026		145,000	5,404		
2027		114,000	-		
Thereafter		48	-		

Actuarial assumptions for TRS are as follows:

Inflation	2.50%
Real wage growth	0.25%
Wage inflation	2.75%
Salary increases, including	
wage inflation	3.00%-7.50%
Long-term Investment Rate of	of
Return, net of OPEB plan	
investment expense, incluc	ding
inflation	
Health Trust	7.10%
Life Trust	7.10%

Investment Return

Note III - DETAILED NOTES ON ALL ACTIVITIES AND FUNDS (Continued)

6.25%

Actuarial assumptions for TRS are as for	ollows: (Continued)
Single Equivalent Interest Rate	·
Net of OPEB plan investment	
Expense, including price	
Inflation	
Heath Trust	7.10%
Life Trust	7.10%
Health Trust Cost Trends	
Under Age 65	7.00% for FYE 2022 decreasing to an ultimate rate of 4.50% by FYE 2032
Ages 65 and Older	5.125% for FYE 2022 decreasing to an ultimate rate of 4.50% by FYE 2025
Medicare Part B	
Premiums	6.97% for FYE 2022 with an ultimate rate of 4.50% by 2034
Actuarial assumptions for CERS are as	follows:
Inflation	2.30%
Payroll growth	2.00%
Salary increases, including	3.30% to 10.30%, varies by service

Mortality rates were based on the RP-2000 Combined Mortality Table projected to 2025 with projection scale BB and set forward two years for males and one year for females is used for the period after service retirement and for dependent beneficiaries. The RP-2000 Disabled Mortality Table set forward two years for males and seven years for females is used for the period after disability retirement. For CERS, mortality rates were based on system-specific mortality table based on mortality experience from 2013-2018 projected with the ultimate rates from MP-2014 mortality improvement scale using a base year of 2019.

The demographic actuarial assumptions for retirement, disability incidence, withdrawal, rates of plan participation, and rates of plan election used in the June 30, 2020 valuation were based on the results of the most recent actuarial experience studies for the System, which covered the five-year period ending June 30, 2015.

The long-term expected rate of return on OPEB plan investments was determined based on the allocation of assets by asset class and by the mean and variance of real returns. The municipal bond rate is the monthly average of the Bond Buyers General Obligation 20-year Municipal Bond Index Rate (formerly published monthly by the Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System).

The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class, as provided by TRS's investment consultant, are summarized in the following table:

	MIF	
	Target	30-Year Expected Geometric
Asset Class	Allocation	Real Rate of Return
Global Equity	58.00%	5.40%
Fixed Income	9.00%	0.00%
Real Estate	6.50%	4.30%
Private Equity	8.50%	7.70%
Other Additional Categories	17.00%	2.50%
Cash (LIBOR)	1.00%	-0.50%
Total	100.0%	
	LIF	
	LIF Target	30-Year Expected Geometric
Asset Class		30-Year Expected Geometric Real Rate of Return
Asset Class U.S. Equity	Target	•
	Target Allocation	Real Rate of Return
U.S. Equity	Target Allocation 40.00%	Real Rate of Return4.30%
U.S. Equity International Equity	Target Allocation 40.00% 23.00%	Real Rate of Return 4.30% 5.60%
U.S. Equity International Equity Fixed Income	Target Allocation 40.00% 23.00% 18.00%	Real Rate of Return 4.30% 5.60% 0.00%
U.S. Equity International Equity Fixed Income Real Estate	Target Allocation 40.00% 23.00% 18.00% 6.00%	Real Rate of Return 4.30% 5.60% 0.00% 4.30%
U.S. Equity International Equity Fixed Income Real Estate Private Equity	Target Allocation 40.00% 23.00% 18.00% 6.00% 5.00%	Real Rate of Return 4.30% 5.60% 0.00% 4.30% 7.70%

Discount Rate--The discount rate used to measure the State's total OPEB liability for life insurance was 7.50%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that the employer contributions will be made at statutorily required rates. Based on those assumptions, the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on OPEB plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total OPEB liability.

OPEB Plan Fiduciary Net Position--Detailed information about the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued TRS financial report.

The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class, are summarized in the following table:

	Target	Long-term Expected Real
Asset Class	Allocation	Rate of Return
Growth	62.50%	
US Equity	18.75%	4.50%
Non-US Equity	18.75%	5.30%
Private Equity	10.00%	6.70%
Specialty Credit/High Yield	15.00%	3.90%
Liquidity	14.50%	
Core Bonds	13.50%	-0.25%
Cash	1.00%	-0.75%
Diversifying Strategies	23.00%	
Real Estate	5.00%	5.30%
Opportunistic	3.00%	2.25%
Real Return	15.00%	3.95%
	100.00%	

Discount Rate

For TRS, the discount rate used to measure the TOL at June 30, 2022 was 7.10% for the Health Trust and 7.10% for the Life Trust.

The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate was performed in accordance with GASB 75. The projection's basis was an actuarial valuation performed as of June 30, 2021. In addition to the actuarial methods and assumptions of the June 30, 2021 actuarial valuation, the following actuarial methods and assumptions were used in the projection of cash flows.

- Total payroll for the initial projection year consists of the payroll of the active membership present on the Valuation Date. In subsequent projection years, total payroll was assumed to increase annually at a rate of 2.75%.
- The pre-65 retiree health care costs for members retired on or after July 1, 2010 were assumed to be paid by either the State or the retirees themselves.
- As administrative expenses, other than the administrative fee of \$8.00 PMPM paid to KEHP by TRS were assumed to be paid in all years by the employer as they come due, they were not considered.
- Cash flows occur mid-year.
- Future contributions to the Health Trust were based upon the contribution rates defined in statute and the projected payroll of active employees. Per KRS 161.540(1).3 and 161.550(5), when the Health Trust achieves a sufficient prefunded status, as determined by the retirement system's actuary, the following Health Trust statutory contributions are to be decreased, suspended or eliminated:
 - Employee contributions
 - School District/University Contributions
 - State Contributions for KEHP premium subsidies payable to retirees who retire after June 30, 2010

To reflect these adjustments, open group projections were used and assumed an equal, pro rata reduction to the current statutory amounts in the years if/when the Health Trust is projected to achieve a Funded Ratio of 100% or more. Here, the current statutory amounts are adjusted to achieve total contributions equal to the Actuarially Determined Contribution (ADC), as determined by the prior year's valuation and in accordance with the Health Trust's funding policy. As the specific methodology to be used for the adjustments has yet to be determined, there may be differences between the projected results and future experience. This may also include any changes to retiree contributions for KEHP coverage pursuant to KRS 161.674(4)(b).

Discount Rate (Continued)

- In developing the adjustments to the statutory contributions in future years, the following was assumed:
 - Liabilities and cash flows are net of expected retiree contributions and any implicit subsidy attributable to coverage while participating in KEHP.
 - For the purposes of developing estimates for new entrants, active headcounts were assumed to remain flat for all future years.

Based on these assumptions, the Health Trust's FNP was not projected to be depleted.

Life Trust Discount Rate.

The discount rate used to measure the TOL as of the Measurement Date was 7.10%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate was performed in accordance with GASB 75. The projection's basis was an actuarial valuation performed as of June 30, 2021. In addition to the actuarial methods and assumptions of the June 30, 2021 actuarial valuation, the following actuarial methods and assumptions were used in the projection of the Life Trust's cash flows:

- Total payroll for the initial projection year consists of the payroll of the active membership present on the Valuation Date. In subsequent projection years, total payroll was assumed to increase annually at a rate of 2.75%
- The employer will contribute the Actuarially Determined Contribution (ADC) in accordance with the Life Trust's funding policy determined by a valuation performed on a date two years prior to the beginning of the fiscal year in which the ADC applies.
- As administrative expenses were assumed to be paid in all years by the employer as they come due, they were not considered.
- Active employees do not explicitly contribute to the plan.
- Cash flows occurred mid-year.

Based on the assumptions, the Life Trust's FNP was not projected to be depleted.

Long-term rate of return

The long-term expected rate of return on Health Trust and Life Trust investments was determined using a log-normal distribution analysis in which best estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation.

Risk management

This district is exposed to various risks of loss related to forms of loss of assets associated with the risks of fire, personal liability, theft, vehicular accident, errors and omissions, fiduciary responsibility, illegal acts, etc. Each of these risk areas is covered through the purchase of commercial insurance. The District has purchased certain policies, which are retrospectively rated and includes Workers' Compensation insurance.

Long-Term Debt

Capital Lease Obligations

The District is the lessee of buses under capital leases expiring in various years through 2031. The assets and liabilities under capital leases are recorded at the present value of the minimum lease payments or the fair value of the asset. The assets are amortized over their estimated productive lives. Amortization of assets under capital leases is included in depreciation expense for fiscal year 2023.

The following is a schedule by years of the future principal payments under capital leases as of June 30, 2023:

	Maturity	Interest	F	Original Principal	Outs	rincipal standing at		Debt	Debt	Out	rincipal standing at		ie Within
Issue	Date	Rates		Amount	June	June 30, 2022		Issued	Paid	Jun	e 30, 2023	0	ne Year
2014 KISTA Lease	03/01/24	2.00% - 3.00%	\$	115,047	\$	21,131	\$	-	\$ 10,398	\$	10,733	\$	10,733
2016 KISTA Lease	03/01/26	2.00% - 3.00%		119,889		46,799		-	12,341		34,458		12,633
2018 KISTA Lease	03/01/28	2.00% - 3.00%		110,509		65 <i>,</i> 886		-	10,870		55,016		11,239
2019 KISTA Lease	03/01/29	3.00%		122,173		84,200		-	12,034		72,166		12,364
2021 KISTA Lease	03/01/31	1.25% - 1.500%		118,572		105,427		-	 13,145		92,282		11,607
		Totals	\$	586,190	\$	323,443	\$	-	\$ 58,788	\$	264,655	\$	58,576

Interest rates on capitalized leases vary from 1.25% to 3.00%. The capital leases provide for the buses to revert to the District at the end of the respective lease with no further payment for purchase.

Fiscal Year					
Ending					
June 30	F	Principal		nterest	Total
2024	\$	58,576	\$	6,186	\$ 64,762
2025		46,754		4,726	51,480
2026		47,935		3,583	51,518
2027		35,554		2,394	37,948
2028		32,591		1,538	34,129
2029-2031		43,245		1,235	 44,480
Totals	\$	264,655	\$	19,662	\$ 284,317
Total minim	um le	ase paymen	ts		\$ 284,317
Less: am	ounti	representing	intere	est	 19,662
Present valu	\$ 264,655				

Long-Term Debt (Continued)

Bonds

The Kentucky School Facility Construction Commission was created by the Kentucky General Assembly for the purpose of assisting local school districts in meeting the school construction needs. Through a "participation agreement" with the District, the Commission agreed to pay annual debt service requirements on behalf of the District.

The bonds may be called prior to maturity at dates and redemption premiums specified in each issue. Assuming no issues are called prior to maturity, the minimum obligation of the District, including amounts to be paid by the Commission, on June 30, 2023 for debt services are as follows:

	Dist	rict	Kentucky Sc	hool Facility	Total						
Fiscal											
Year											
Ending	Principal	Interest	Principal	Interest	Principal	Interest					
2024	\$ 438,845	\$ 478,943	\$ 126,155	\$ 31,711	\$ 565,000	\$ 510,654					
2025	445,140	465,690	128,860	29,168	574,000	494,858					
2026	456,323	452,412	131,677	26,496	588,000	478,908					
2027	472,436	438,699	134,564	23,865	607,000	462,564					
2028	483,433	424,580	137,567	21,129	621,000	445,709					
2029	499,310	410,128	139,690	18,290	639,000	428,418					
2030	514,963	395,199	143,037	15,316	658,000	410,515					
2031	527,227	379,795	119,773	12,491	647,000	392,286					
2032	542,327	364,034	102,673	9,816	645,000	373,850					
2033	561,459	347,732	98,541	7,321	660,000	355,053					
2034	577,252	330,284	52,748	5,066	630,000	335,350					
2035	599,101	312,210	55,899	3,377	655,000	315,587					
2036	615,434	292,889	4,566	1,524	620,000	294,413					
2037	630,247	276,832	4,753	1,337	635,000	278,169					
2038	650,053	260,288	4,947	1,143	655,000	261,431					
2039	664,851	243,252	5,149	941	670,000	244,193					
2040	684,642	225,741	5,358	731	690,000	226,472					
2041	699,423	207,753	5,577	513	705,000	208,266					
2042	719,195	189,277	5,805	286	725,000	189,563					
2043	740,775	170,266	4,225	85	745,000	170,351					
2044	760,000	150,625	-	-	760,000	150,625					
2045	795,000	115,812	-	-	795,000	115,812					
2046	825,000	83,200	-	-	825,000	83,200					
2047	815,000	50,300	-	-	815,000	50,300					
2048	850,000	17,000	-		850,000	17,000					
Totals	\$ 15,567,436	\$ 7,082,941	\$ 1,411,564	\$ 210,606	\$ 16,979,000	\$ 7,293,547					

Long-Term Debt (Continued)

A summary of changes in long-term liabilities for the year ended June 30, 2023, is as follows:

	Interest	Maturity		Beginning			_		-			ue within
	Rates	Date	Original Issue	Balance		ncreases	D	ecreases	End	ing Balance	0	ne year
Governmental Activities:												
Revenue Bonds:												
Series 2012	2.00%	11/1/2032	\$ 820,000	\$ 480,000	\$	-	\$	40,000	\$	440,000	\$	40,000
Series 2015	2.00 - 3.25%	2/1/2035	7,820,000	6,000,000		-		385,000		5,615,000		400,000
Series 2020	2.50%	2/1/2044	6,530,000	6,435,000		-		50,000		6,385,000		45,000
Series 2022	3.00 - 4.00%	8/1/2047	3,545,000	-		3,545,000		-		3,545,000		15,000
Series 2022 - Second	4.00 - 4.50%	12/1/2045	700,000	-		700,000		55,000		645,000		15,000
Refunding Revenue Bonds:												
Series 2005	2.25 - 4.00%	5/1/2024	910,000	20,000	-			10,000) 10,000			10,000
Series 2020	0.85 - 1.20%	8/1/2030	440,000	380,000	-		- 41,00		339,000			41,000
			\$ 20,765,000	\$ 13,315,000	\$ 4,245,000		4,245,000 \$ 581,000		\$	16,979,000	\$	566,000
Other Liabilities												
Capital Lease				\$ 323,443	\$	-	\$	58,788	\$	264,655	\$	58,576
Sick Leave				54,916		-		24,293		30,623		14,088
Pension Liability				2,905,241		424,521		-		3,329,762		-
OPEB Liability				2,270,551		811,721	1			3,082,272		-
Total Other Liabilities				5,554,151		1,236,242 83,081				6,707,312		72,664
Total Governmental Activities Liabilities				\$ 18,869,151	\$	5,481,242	\$	664,081	\$	23,686,312	\$	638,664

Interfund transfers

Interfund transfers are used to fund operations in the various accounts. The composition of interfund transfers as of June 30, 2023 is as follows:

	Т	ransfers In	Tra	ansfers Out			
		From		То			
	0	ther Funds	0	ther Funds			
General Fund	\$	508,852	\$	23,511			
Special Revenue Fund		22,762		1,517,705			
District Activity Fund		69,434		-			
Student Activity Fund		4,705		112,821			
Capital Outlay Fund		-		85,651			
Building Fund		-		875,132			
Construction Fund		1,229,466		-			
Debt Service Fund		869,559		-			
Food Service fund		4,509		30,031			
Day Care Fund		-		64,436			
	\$	2,709,287	\$	2,709,287			

Transfers were made between funds to cover indirect costs, student activities, construction projects, and debt service payments.

On-Behalf payments

The Commonwealth of Kentucky makes payments on-behalf of the District for the employer's portion of health benefits, teacher's retirement, technology, and debt service.

Kentucky Teachers Retirement System	\$ 1,999,256
Health, Life, Vision & Dental Insurance	904,208
Technology	83,339
Debt Service	 153,483
Total On-Behalf	\$ 3,140,286

New Pronouncements

The GASB has issued the following reporting standards that will become effective for fiscal year 2023 and later years' financial statements.

GASB Statement No. 100, Accounting Changes and Error Corrections – an amendment of GASB Statement No. 62-the primary objective of this Statement is to enhance accounting and financial report requirements for accounting changes and error corrections to provide more understandable, reliable, relevant, consistent, and comparable information for making decisions or assessing accountability.

GASB Statement No. 101, Compensated Absences-the objective of this Statement is to better meet the information needs of financial statement users by updating the recognition and measurement guidance for compensated absences. The objective is achieved by aligning the recognition and measurement guidance under a unified model and by amending certain previously required disclosures.

The District is currently evaluating the impact that will result from adopting these GASB standards and is therefore unable to disclose the impact that adopting these standards will have on the District's financial position and the results of its operations when the standards are adopted.

Restatement of Beginning Net Position

The beginning net position for the Food Service fund was decreased by \$2,415 to correct an error in the prior year.

Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of Net Pension Liability – TRS and CERS For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

	Reporting Fisca Year (Measurement Date) 2023	Fiscal Year (Measuremen t Date) 2022	Reporting Fiscal Year (Measuremen t Date) 2021		orting Fiscal Year asurement Date) 2020	oorting Fiscal Year easurement Date) 2019	orting Fiscal Year easurement Date) 2018	oorting Fiscal Year easurement Date) 2017	oorting Fiscal Year easurement Date) 2016	oorting Fiscal Year easurement Date) 2015
Teacher's Retirement System of the State	(2022)	(2021)	(2020)	·	(2019)	 (2018)	 (2017)	 (2016)	 (2015)	 (2014)
of Kentucky (TRS) District's proportion of the net pension liability District's proportionate share of the net pension liability	0.0000	% 0.0000%	0.0000%		0.0000%	0.0000%	0.0000%	0.0000%	0.0000%	0.0000%
State's proportionate share of pension			-		-	-	-	-	-	-
liability associated with the District	\$ 21,448,44	\$ 16,698,431	\$ 17,909,251	\$	17,154,752	\$ 15,845,098	\$ 29,858,565	\$ 31,556,265	\$ 21,892,700	\$ 17,153,719
Total	\$ 21,448,44	\$ 16,698,431	\$ 17,909,251	\$	17,154,752	\$ 15,845,098	\$ 29,858,565	\$ 31,556,265	\$ 21,892,700	\$ 17,153,719
District's covered-employee payroll	\$ 4,163,04	5 \$ 4,005,128	\$ 4,182,798	\$	4,073,575	\$ 3,981,372	\$ 3,819,377	\$ 3,497,802	\$ 3,325,563	\$ 2,883,305
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage	0.0000	% 0.0000%	0.0000%		0.0000%	0.0000%	0.0000%	0.0000%	0.0000%	0.0000%
of the total pension liablity	56.41	65.59%	58.27%		58.80%	59.30%	39.80%	35.22%	42.49%	45.59%
County Employee Retirement System (CERS) District's proportion of the net pension liability District's proportionate share of the net pension		% 0.050005%	0.050046%		0.048467%	0.034940%	0.031281%	0.028720%	0.030770%	0.000000%
liability State's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$ 3,444,04	7 \$ 3,008,286 	\$ 3,838,487	\$	3,408,706	\$ 2,891,799 -	\$ 2,044,970	\$ 1,540,173 -	\$ 1,234,818	\$ 998,000
Total	\$ 3,444,04	7 \$ 3,008,286	\$ 3,838,487	\$	3,408,706	\$ 2,891,799	\$ 2,044,970	\$ 1,540,173	\$ 1,234,818	\$ 998,000
District's covered-employee payroll District's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its covered-	\$ 1,416,70	9 \$ 1,310,411	\$ 1,009,351	\$	1,281,276	\$ 1,888,537	\$ 1,253,137	\$ 902,079	\$ 793,144	\$ 704,032
employee payroll Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage	243.10	% 229.57%	380.29%		266.04%	153.12%	163.19%	170.74%	155.69%	141.75%
of the total pension liability	52.42	% 57.33%	58.27%		50.45%	53.54%	53.30%	59.00%	59.97%	66.80%

Note: Schedule is intended to show information for the last 10 fiscal years. Additional years will be displayed as they become available. Amounts presented for each fiscal year is determined as of June 30.

Schedule of Contributions TRS and CERS - Pension For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

	2023	2022 2021		2020	2019	2018		2017		2016	2015	
Teacher's Retirement System of the State of Kentucky (TRS) Contractually required contribution Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	\$ -	\$	-	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$	-	\$	-	\$ -	\$ -
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ -	\$	-	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$	-	\$	-	\$ -	\$ -
District's covered-employee payroll District's contributions as a percentage	\$ 4,163,045	\$	4,005,128	\$ 4,182,798	\$ 4,073,575	\$ 3,981,372	\$	3,819,377	\$	3,497,802	\$ 3,325,563	\$ 2,883,305
of its covered-employee payroll	0.00%		0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%		0.00%		0.00%	0.00%	0.00%
County Employee Retirement System (CERS) Contractually required contribution Contributions in related to the	\$ 331,510	\$	280,206	\$ 229,514	\$ 307,986	\$ 269,266	\$	240,352	\$	268,508	\$ 135,310	\$ 123,703
contractually required contribution	 331,510		280,206	 229,514	307,986	 269,266		240,352		268,508	 135,310	 123,703
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ -	\$	-	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$	-	\$	-	\$ -	\$ -
District's covered-employee payroll District's contributions as a percentage	\$ 1,416,709	\$	1,310,411	\$ 1,009,351	\$ 1,281,276	\$ 1,888,537	\$	1,253,137	\$	902,079	\$ 793,144	\$ 704,032
of its covered-employee payroll	23.40%		21.38%	22.74%	24.04%	14.26%		19.18%		29.77%	17.06%	17.57%

Note: Schedule is intended to show information for the last 10 fiscal years. Additional years will be displayed as they become available. Amounts presented for each fiscal year is determined as of June 30.

Notes to Required Supplementary Information – Pension For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

TRS

Changes of benefit terms

A new benefit tier was added for members joining the System on and after January 1, 2022. A description of the benefit provisions applicable to these members can be found in Schedule D of the actuary report found at https://trs.ky.gov/wp-content/uploads/2023/06/TRS-GASB-68-Report-2022-Actuary.pdf.

Changes of assumptions

- In 2014, the calculation of the Single Equivalent Interest Rate (SEIR) resulted in an assumption change from 5.16% to 5.23%.
- In 2015, the calculation of the Single Equivalent Interest Rate (SEIR) resulted in an assumption change from 5.23% to 4.88%.
- In 2016 valuation, rates of withdrawal, retirement, disability and mortality were adjusted to more closely reflect actual experience. In the 2016 valuation, the Assumed Salary Scale, Price Inflation, and Wage Inflation were adjusted to reflect a decrease. In addition, the calculation of the Single Equivalent Interest Rate (SEIR) resulted in an assumption change from 4.88% to 4.20%.
- In 2017, the calculation of the Single Equivalent Interest Rate (SEIR) resulted in an assumption change from 4.20% to 4.49%.
- In 2018, the calculation of the Single Equivalent Interest Rate (SEIR) resulted in an assumption change from 4.49% to 7.50%.
- In the 2020 experience study, rates of withdrawal, retirement, disability, mortality, and rates of salary increases were adjusted to reflect actual experience more closely. The expectation of mortality was change to the Pub2010 Mortality Table (Teachers Benefit-Weighted) projected generationally with MP-2020 with various set forwards, set-backs, and adjustments for each of the groups; service retirees, contingent annuitants, disabled retirees, and actives. The assumed long-term investment rate of return was changed from 7.50 percent to 7.10 percent and the price inflation assumption was lowered from 3.00 percent to 2.50 percent. In addition, the calculation of the SEIR results in an assumption change from 7.50% to 7.10%.

CERS

Changes of Benefit Terms

2022 None 2021 None

2020 None

2019 None

2018 None

2017 None

2016 None

Notes to Required Supplementary Information – Pension For the Year Ended June 30, 2023 (Continued)

CERS (Continued)

Changes of Assumptions

2022 None

2021 Pension and OPEB - the salary increase assumption changed from 3.30% - 10.30% to 3.30% - 11.55% OPEB - single discount rate changed from 5.68% to 5.34%

2020 Pension and OPEB - the salary increase assumption changed from 3.05% to 3.30% - 10.30% OPEB - single discount rate changed from 5.85% to 5.68%

2019 Pension and OPEB - the salary increases assumption was changed from 2.00% to 3.05% OPEB, the single discount rate changed from 5.84% to 5.85%

2018 Pension and OPEB - the assumed investment return was changed from 7.50% to 6.25%; the prince inflation assumption was changed from 3.25% to 2.40%, which also resulted in a 0.95% decrease in the salary increase assumption at all years of service; and the payroll growth assumption (applicable for the amortization of unfunded actuarial accrued liabilities) was changed from 4.00% to 2.00%. OPEB - the single discount rate changed from 6.89 to 5.84%.

2017 None

2016 Pension -the assumed investment rate of return was decreased from 7.75% to 7.50%; the assumed rate of inflation was reduced from 3.50% to 3.25%; the assumed rate of wage inflation was reduced from 1.00% to 0.75%; payroll growth assumption was reduced from 4.50% to 4.00%; and the assumed rates of retirement, withdrawal, and disability were updated to more accurately reflect experience.

Life Insurance Plan Changes of Benefit Terms

2022 Benefit change due to the benefit tier that was added for members joining the system after January 1, 2022.

2021 None

2020 None

2019 None

2018 None

Changes of Assumptions

2022 The municipal bond index rate increased from 2.19% to 3.37%.

2021 The municipal bond index rate decreased from 3.50% to 2.19%

2020 The municipal bond index rate decreased from 3.89% to 3.50%

2019 The municipal bond index rate increased from 3.56% to 3.89%

2018 None

Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability Medical & Life Insurance Plans - TRS – OPEB For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

MEDICAL INSURANCE PLAN District's proportion of the collective OPEB liability	F	Reporting Fiscal Year easuremen t Date) 2023 (2022) 0.090553%	t Date) 2022 (2021)			Reporting Fiscal Year leasuremen t Date) 2021 (2020) 0.066577%	F	Reporting Fiscal Year easuremen t Date) 2020 (2019) 0.065658%	F	Reporting Fiscal Year easuremen t Date) 2019 (2018) 0.061000%	F	Reporting Fiscal Year easuremen t Date) 2018 (2017) 0.057000%
District's proportionate share of the collective net OPEB liability	\$	2,248,000	\$	1,448,000	\$	1,680,000	\$	1,922,000	\$	2,131,000	\$	2,047,700
State's proportionate share of the collective net OPEB liability associated with the District		738,000		1,176,000		1,346,000		1,552,000		1,837,000		1,672,000
Total	\$	2,986,000	\$	2,624,000	\$	3,026,000	\$	3,474,000	\$	3,968,000	\$	3,719,700
District's covered-employee payroll	\$	4,163,045	\$	4,005,128	\$	4,182,798	\$	4,073,575		3,981,372	\$	3,819,377
District's proportionate share of the collective net OPEB liability a percentage of its covered-employee payroll	S	54.00%		36.15%		40.16%		47.18%		53.52%		53.61%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total OPEB		47.75%		51.74%		39.05%		32.58%		25.50%		21.20%
LIFE INSURANCE PLAN District's proportion of the collective OPEB liability		0.00000%		0.00000%		0.00000%		0.00000%		0.00000%		0.00000%
District's proportionate share of the collective net OPEB liability	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
State's proportionate share of the collective net OPEB												
liability associated with the District		37,000		16,000		41,000		36,000		32,000		51,000
Total	\$	37,000	\$	16,000	\$	41,000	\$	36,000	\$	32,000	\$	51,000
District's covered-employee payroll	\$	4,163,045	\$	4,005,128	\$	4,182,798	\$	4,073,575	\$	3,981,372	\$	3,819,377
District's proportionate share of the collective net OPEB liability a percentage of its covered-employee payroll	s a	0.00%		0.00%		0.00%		0.00%		0.00%		0.00%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total OPEB		73.97%		89.15%		71.57%		73.40%		75.00%		80.00%

Note: Schedule is intended to show information for the last 10 fiscal years. Additional years will be displayed as they become available. Amounts presented for each fiscal year is determined as of June 30.

See the accompanying notes to the required supplementary information.

Schedule of the Contributions - TRS – OPEB For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

		2023	 2022	 2021	 2020	 2019	 2018
MEDICAL INSURANCE PLAN Contractually required contribution	\$	123,652	\$ 120,152	\$ 119,811	\$ 122,207	\$ 119,441	\$ 114,581
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$	123,652	\$ 120,152	\$ 119,811	\$ 122,207	\$ 119,441	\$ 114,581
District's covered-employee payroll	\$	4,163,045	\$ 4,005,128	\$ 4,182,798	\$ 4,073,575	\$ 3,981,372	\$ 3,819,377
District's contributions as a percentage of it's covered-employee payroll		2.97%	3.00%	2.86%	3.00%	3.00%	3.00%
LIFE INSURANCE PLAN Contractually required contribution	\$	-	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution			 	 	 -	 	
Contribution deficiency (excess)	Ş	-	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
District's covered-employee payroll	\$	4,163,045	\$ 4,005,128	\$ 4,182,798	\$ 4,073,575	\$ 3,981,372	\$ 3,819,377
District's contributions as a percentage of it's covered-employee payroll		0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%

Note: Schedule is intended to show information for the last 10 fiscal years. Additional years will be displayed as they become available. Amounts presented for each fiscal year is determined as of June 30.

Schedule of District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability – CERS For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

	oorting Fiscal Year easurement Date) 2023 (2022)	porting Fiscal Year leasurement Date) 2022 (2021)	oorting Fiscal Year easurement Date) 2021 (2020)	oorting Fiscal Year easurement Date) 2020 (2019)	oorting Fiscal Year easurement Date) 2019 (2018)	oorting Fiscal Year easurement Date) 2018 (2017)
HEALTH INSURANCE PLAN District's proportion of the collective OPEB liability	0.047634%	0.047172%	0.500360%	0.048450%	0.047480%	0.034937%
District's proportionate share of the collective net OPEB liability	\$ 940,063	\$ 903,084	\$ 1,208,217	\$ 9,121,662	\$ 9,578,954	\$ 10,649,264
State's proportionate share of the collective net OPEB liability associated with the District	 -	 -	 -	 -	 	
Total	\$ 940,063	\$ 903,084	\$ 1,208,217	\$ 9,121,662	\$ 9,578,954	\$ 10,649,264
District's covered-employee payroll	\$ 1,416,709	\$ 1,310,411	\$ 1,009,351	\$ 1,281,276	\$ 1,888,537	\$ 1,253,137
District's proportionate share of the collective net OPEB liability as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll	66.36%	68.92%	119.70%	711.92%	507.22%	849.81%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total OPEB	60.95%	58.41%	51.67%	60.44%	57.62%	52.39%

Note: Schedule is intended to show information for the last 10 fiscal years. Additional years will be displayed as they become available. Amounts presented for each fiscal year is determined as of June 30.

Schedule of Contributions OPEB Liability – CERS For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

		2023		2022	2021		2020		2019		2018
HEALTH INSURANCE PLAN Contractually required contribution	\$	48,026	\$	76,504	\$ 56,606	\$	7,048	\$	6,350	\$	5,300
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	/	48,026		76,504	 56,606		7,048		6,350		5,300
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$	-	\$	-	\$ -	\$	-	\$	_	\$	-
District's covered-employee payroll	\$ 1	,416,709	\$ 1	L,310,411	\$ 1,009,351	\$ 1	L,281,276	\$1	,888,537	\$ 1	,253,137
District's contributions as a percentage of it covered-employee payroll	5	3.39%		5.84%	5.61%		0.55%		0.34%		0.42%

Note: Schedule is intended to show information for the last 10 fiscal years. Additional years will be displayed as they become available. Amounts presented for each fiscal year is determined as of June 30.

See the accompanying notes to the required supplementary information.

Notes to Required Supplementary Information – OPEB For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

TRS

Note I - Changes of Benefit Terms

Health and Life Trust

June 30, 2023 (Valuation Date: June 30, 2021)

• A new benefit tier was added for members joining the System on and after January 1, 2022.

June 30, 2021 (Valuation Date: June 30, 2020)

None

June 30, 2020 (Valuation Date: June 30, 2019)

None

June 30, 2019 (Valuation Date: June 30, 2018)

• None

June 30, 2018 (Valuation Date: June 30, 2017)

Health Trust

With the passage of House Bill 471, the eligibility for non-singe subsidies (NSS) for the KEHP-participating members who retired prior to July 1, 2010 is restored, but the State will only finance, via its KEHP "shared responsibility" contributions, the costs of the NSS related to those KEHP-participating members who retired on or after July 1, 2010.

• Life Trust - none

Note II - Changes to assumptions or other inputs

Health Trust

The changes adopted by the Board on September 20, 2021, include various demographic and economic assumptions summarized below:

- Price Inflation changed assumed rate from 3.00% to 2.50%,
- Wage Inflation changed assumed rated from 3.50% to 2.75%,
- Assumed investment rate of return changed from 8.00% for the Health Trust and 7.50% for the Life Trust to 7.10% for both
- Assumed Salary Scale adjusted to reflect a decrease of 0.25% in merit and promotion for all ages
- Assumed rate of mortality have been revised to the Pub-2010 (Teachers Benefit-Weighted) Mortality Table
 projected generationally with the MP-2020 improvement scale with various set-forwards, set-backs, and
 adjustments
- Assumed rate of Withdrawal, Disability, Retirement, and Mortality have been adjusted to more closely reflect experience, and
- Assumed rates of member and spousal participation have been adjusted to more closely reflect experience

Notes to Required Supplementary Information – OPEB For the Year Ended June 30, 2023 (Continued)

Life Trust

None

CERS

Single discount rates of 5.20% for the CERS non-hazardous insurance plan and 5.05% for the CERS hazardous insurance plan were used to measure the total OPEB liability as of June 30, 2021. The singe discount rates are based on the expected rate of return on OPEB plan investments of 6.25% and a municipal bond rate of 1.92%, as reported in Fidelity Index's "20-Year Municipal GO AA Index" as of June 30, 2021. Based on the stated assumptions and the projection of cash flows as of each fiscal year ending, each plan's fiduciary net position and future contributions were projected separately and were sufficient to finance the future benefit payments of the current plan members. Therefore, the long term expected rate of return on insurance plan investments was applied to all periods of the projected benefit payments paid from the plan. However, the cost associated with the implicit employer subsidy is not currently being included in the calculation of the plan's actuarially determined contributions, and it is our understanding that any cost associated with the implicit subsidy will not be paid out of the plan's trust. Therefore, municipal bond rate was applied to future expected benefit payments associated with the implicit subsidy.

Combining Balance Sheet – Non-Major Governmental Funds June 30, 2023

	vistrict vity Fund		tudent vity Fund	pital ay Fund	Progra	y Support m (FSKP) und	Service Ind	Total on-Major Funds
ASSETS		4						
Cash and cash equivalents Interfund receivables	\$ 53,201	\$	89,734	\$ -	\$	-	\$ -	\$ 142,935
Receivables	-		-	-		-	-	-
Taxes-current	-		-	-		-	-	-
Intergovernmental - federal	 -		-	 -		-	 -	 -
Total assets	 53,201		89,734	 -		-	-	 142,935
LIABILITIES								
Accounts payable	-		-	-		-	-	-
Interfund payable	-		-	-		-	-	-
Unearned revenue	 53,201		-	 -		-	 -	 53,201
Total liabilities	 53,201		-	 -		-	 -	 53,201
FUND BALANCE								
Restricted	-		89,734	-		-	-	89,734
Committed	-		-	-		-	-	-
Unassigned	 -		-	-		-	-	 -
Total fund balance	 -		89,734	 -		-	 -	 89,734
TOTAL LIABLITIES AND FUND BALANCE	\$ 53,201	\$	89,734	\$ -	\$	-	\$ -	\$ 142,935

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances – Non-Major Governmental Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

Revenues	District Activity Fund	Student Activity Fund	Capital Outlay Fund	Facility Support Program (FSKP) Fund	Debt Service Fund	Total Non-Major Funds
From Local Sources						
Taxes						
Property	\$-	\$-	\$-	\$ 236,424	\$-	\$ 236,424
Motor vehicle	-	-	-	-	-	-
Franchise	-	-	-	-	-	-
Utilities	-	-	-	-	-	-
Food Service	_	37,253	_	-	_	37,253
Earnings on investments	_	5,026	_	4,983	_	10,009
Student activities	27,868	275,716	-	-,505	-	303,584
Other local revenue	(35,986)	10,567	_	-	_	(25,419)
Intergovernmental - state	(33,300)	-	85,651	633,784	153,483	872,918
Intergovernmental - federal	_	_	-	-	100,400	-
Total revenues	(8,118)	328,562	85,651	875,191	153,483	1,434,769
Total revenues	(0,110)	328,302	85,051	075,191	155,465	1,434,709
EXPENDITURES						
Instruction	52,644	209,132	-	-	-	261,776
Support services						
Student	-	-	-	-	-	-
Instructional staff	8,672	-	-	-	-	8,672
District Administration	-	-	-	-	-	-
School Administration	-	-	-	-	-	-
Business	-	-	-	-	-	-
Plant operation and maintenance	-	-	-	59	-	59
Student Transportation	-	49.991	-	-	-	49.991
Day care	-	-	-	-	-	
Community Services Operations	-	-	-	-	-	-
Building improvements	-	-	-	-	-	-
Debt service				-		
Principal	-	-	-	-	571,000	571,000
Interest	-	-	-	-	452,042	452,042
Total expenditures	61,316	259,123		59	1,023,042	1,343,540
	. ·	· ·		-	· · _ ·	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER						
EXPENDITURES	(69,434)	69,439	85,651	875,132	(869,559)	91,229
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)		40.070				40.070
Sale of equipment	-	18,876	-	-	-	18,876
Bond Proceeds	-	-	-	-	-	-
Bond Discounts	-	-	-	-	-	-
Operating transfers in	69,434	4,705	-	-	869,559	943,698
Operating transfers (out)		(112,821)	(85,651)	(875,132)		(1,073,604)
Total other financing sources and (uses)	69,434	(89,240)	(85,651)	(875,132)	869,559	(111,030)
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	-	(19,801)	-	-	-	(19,801)
FUND BALANCE - BEGINNING	-	109,535				109,535
FUND BALANCE - ENDING	\$ -	\$ 89,734	\$-	\$-	\$-	\$ 89,734

Combined Schedule of Cash Receipts, Cash Disbursements, and Cash Balances - Student Activity Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

School		Cash alances y 1, 2022	1	Receipts	Dist	oursements		Cash alances 2 30, 2023
	Jui	y 1, 2022		(eccipts	DISK	Juisements	June	50, 2025
Eminence Independent High School and Middle School Eminence Elementary Elementary	\$	91,477	\$	227,560	\$	240,941	\$	78,096
School		18,058		20,882		27,302		11,638
Total School Activity Funds	\$	109,535	\$	248,442	\$	268,243	\$	89,734

Schedule of Cash Receipts, Cash Disbursements, and Cash Balances - Student Activity Funds Eminence High School and Middle School For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

	Cash			Cash
	Balances	Receipts	Disbursements	Balances
Activity	July 1, 2022	And Transfers	And Transfers	June 30, 2023
GENERAL FUNDS	\$ 9,311	\$ 4,528	\$ 8,712	\$ 5,127
VANCO FEES	6	-	6	-
FACULTY	249	-	-	249
H/S JUDY LEA	497	-	497	-
EXEMPLARS	1,026	1,046	1,497	575
START UP VENDING	-	600	600	-
6TH GRADE	-	1,848	1,645	203
7TH GRADE	547		502	45
8TH GRADE	2,115	24,350	25,631	834
9th Grade	2,176	1,413	920	2,669
10th Grade	3,538	2,677	2,301	3,914
11th Grade	2,323	2,909	-	5,232
SENIORS	1,611	28,191	28,983	819
AQUAPONICS	240	120	295	65
LATIN SPANISH CLUB	21		21	-
MEDIA ARTS	1,213	-	119	1,094
BAND/MUSIC	1,510	70	1,004	576
YEARBOOK	5,061	3,433	5,532	2,962
COMMUNITY BASED INVOLVEMENT	789	1,686	1,315	1,160
PE/FIELD DAY	100	425	505	20
SWEET TREATS SERVICE PROJ	288	-	288	-
FIELD TRIPS	752	1,105	801	1,056
JR NBA	1,041	7,333	5,793	2,581
SPECIAL EDUCATION	467	45	230	282
GENIUS HOUR	48	15	250	63
BELLARMINE FEES	+0	300	300	05
LIBRARY	37	5,271	5,308	
EDHUB CONSUMABLES	57	258	258	
ACES		48,666	48,666	
FEES		12,447	12,092	355
PLTW	68	58	12,092	126
STUDENT COUNCIL	93	50	-	93
SPRING PLAY	7,681	- 506	-	
SR BETA CLUB	7,001		- 0.700	8,187
	-	8,790	8,790	-
	493	- 	-	493
JR BETA CLUB	1,654	5,529	6,199	984
FALL PLAY PRODUCTION	507	-	507	-
AGRICULTURE CLUB	600	500	1,042	58
M/S ACADEMIC TEAM	1	-	-	1
H/S ACADEMIC TEAM	193	345	180	358
FCA	197	-	-	197
ODYSSY OF THE MIND	654	-	-	654
M/S STLP	186	-	-	186

EMINENCE INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT Schedule of Cash Receipts, Cash Disbursements, and Cash Balances - Student Activity Funds Eminence High School and Middle School For the Year Ended June 30, 2023 (Continued)

	Cash Balances	Receipts	Disbursements	Cash Balances
Activity	July 1, 2022	And Transfers	And Transfers	June 30, 2023
SOURCES OF STRENGTH	\$ 25	\$-	\$ -	\$ 25
H/S TSA	1,331	7,296	8,433	194
ART CLUB	308	-	-	308
SERVICE LEARNING	822	3,028	3,214	636
NATIONAL HONOR SOCIETY	804	2,241	2,080	965
SUNSHINE SOCIETY	15	-	15	-
HIGH SCHOOL PASSION PROJECTS	303	2,630	2,755	178
COOKING CLUB	-	400	299	101
CWTP	-	125	20	105
M/S DANCE TEAM	40	-	40	-
H/S DANCE TEAM	64	2,566	2,247	383
M/S FOOTBALL	1,091	1,250	1,459	882
H/S FOOTBALL	4,488	28,403	32,791	100
M/S BOYS BASKETBALL	2,388	2,930	3,523	1,795
H/S BOYS BASKETBALL	4,119	10,952	10,282	4,789
M/S GIRLS BASKETBALL	1,839	1,667	1,213	2,293
H/S GIRLS BASKETBALL	-	8,291	6,431	1,860
M/S CHEERLEADERS	964	4,369	5,179	154
H/S CHEERLEADERS	1,717	5,205	6,922	-
M/S BASEBALL	3,182	1,320	3,548	954
H/S BASEBALL	3,814	7,751	7,441	4,124
M/H SOFTBALL	3,067	7,349	4,675	5,741
CROSS COUNTRY	2,145	816	1,633	1,328
M/S VOLLEYBALL	4,607	5,892	3,801	6,698
H/S VOLLEYBALL	4,493	15,983	17,697	2,779
ARCHERY CLUB	2,558	15,315	17,397	476
SWIM	-	1,623	1,623	-
TENNIS	-	1,397	1,387	10
M/S ATHLETICS	-	28,309	28,309	-
Subtotal	91,477	331,572	344,953	78,096
Interfund Transfers		(104,012)	(104,012)	
Total	\$ 91,477	\$ 227,560	\$ 240,941	\$ 78,096

EMINENCE INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

	FEDERAL			
FEDERAL GRANTOR/PASS-THROUGH GRANTOR/PROGRAM TITLE/SUBTITLE	ASSISTANCE LISTING NUMBER	PASS THROUGH ENTITY IDENTIFYING NUMBER	PROVIDED TO SUBRECIPIENTS	TOTAL FEDERAL EXPENDITURES
UNITED STATES DEPARMENT OF AGRICULTURE Child Nutrition Cluster - Passed Through Kentucky Department of Education:				
School Breakfast Program	10.553	7760005-22 7760005-23		\$ 15,820 <u>102,887</u> 118,707
Passed Through Kentucky Department of Education: National School Lunch Program	10.555	7750002-22 7750002-23		42,120 269,949
		9980000-22 9980000-23		25,469 13,907 351,445
Non-Cash Assistance (Commodities) National School Lunch Program TOTAL CHILD NUTRITION CLUSTER	10.555	4001764		<u>26,811</u> 496,963
Passed Through Kentucky Department of Education: State Administrative Expenses for Child Nutrition	10.560	7700001-20		860
Pandemic EBT Administrative Costs	10.649	9990000-22		628
TOTAL UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE				498,451
UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION				
Special Education Cluster - Passed Through Kentucky Department of Education: Special Education Grants to States	84.027A	3810002-21 3810002-22		44,019 171,275
Passed Through Kentucky Department of Education: Special Education Grants to States/American Rescue Plan Act of 2021 (ARPA)	84.027X	4910002-21		3,601
Passed Through Kentucky Department of Education: Special Education Preschool Grants	84.173A	3800002-21		3,858
Passed Through Kentucky Department of Education: Individuals With Disabilities Education Act/American Rescue Plan Act of 2021 (ARPA)	84.173X	4900002-21		1,360
TOTAL SPECIAL EDUCATION CLUSTER	0111/0/	1300002 21		224,113
Passed Through Kentucky Department of Education: Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies	84.002	371G		4,138
	84.002	3711 371J		246 226 4,610
Passed Through Kentucky Department of Education: Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies	84.010A	3100002-21 3100002-23		72,296
Passed Through Kentucky Department of Education: Career and Technical Education Basic Grants to States	84.048	3710002-21		7,123
Passed Through Eastern Kentucky University Education For Homeless Children And Youth	84.196	3990002-21 3990002-22		7,648 60,034 67,682

EMINENCE INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards For the Year Ended June 30, 2023 (Continued)

FEDERAL GRANTOR/PASS-THROUGH GRANTOR/PROGRAM TITLE/SUBTITLE	FEDERAL ASSISTANCE LISTING NUMBER	PASS THROUGH ENTITY IDENTIFYING NUMBER	PROVIDED TO SUBRECIPIENTS	TOTAL FEDERAL EXPENDITURES
Passed Through Kentucky Department of Education: Supporting Effective Instruction State Grant	84.367	330002-22		\$ 18,931
	64.307	330002-22		\$ 18,551
Passed Through Kentucky Department of Education: Comprehensive Literacy State Development Program	84.371C	3220002-20 3220002-21 3220002-22		20,577 65,053 <u>77,581</u> 163,211
Passed Through Kentucky Department of Education: Student Support and Academic Enrichment Program	84.424A	3420002-21 3420002-22		3,053 <u>14,212</u> 17,265
Passed Through Kentucky Division of Family Resource And Youth Education Stabilization Fund	Service Centers			
Governor's Emergency Education Relief Fund	84.425C	CARE-20, 147		40,390
Passed Through Kentucky Department of Education: Education Stabilization Fund Elementary and Secondary School Emergency Relief Fund American Rescue Plan Act of 2021 (ARPA)	84.425D	4200002-21 ARPA		40,390 373,388 4,677 378,065
Passed Through Kentucky Department of Education: Education Stabilization Fund American Rescue Plan Act of 2021 (ARPA)	84.425U	4300002-21 Deeper Learning		951,012
Passed Through Kentucky Department of Education: Education Stabilization Fund American Rescue Plan-Elementary and Secondary School En Relief - Homeless Children and Youth (ARP-HCV)	mergency 84.425W	4300002-21		171,843
Total Education Stabilization Fund				1,551,590
TOTAL UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION				2,265,469
UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES Passed Through Kentucky Department of Education: Child Care and Development Block Grant	93.575	CRRSA ARPA		10,000 244,788
TOTAL UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SER	VICES			254,788
TOTAL EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS			<u>\$</u> -	\$ 3,018,708

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this schedule.

Notes to the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards Year Ended June 30, 2023

Note 1. Basis of Presentation

The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards includes federal grant activity of the Eminence Independent School District under the programs of the federal government for the year ended June 30, 2023. The information in the schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards,* (Uniform Guidance). Because the schedule presents only a selected portion of the operations of the Eminence Independent School District, it is not intended to and does not present the financial position, changes in net position or cash flows of the District.

Note 2. Significant Accounting Policies

Expenditures reported on the schedule are reported on the accrual basis of accounting. Such expenditures are recognized following the cost principles contained in the Uniform Guidance wherein certain types of expenditures are not allowable or are limited as to reimbursement. Negative amounts shown on the schedule represents adjustment or credits made in the normal course of business to amounts reported as expenditures in prior years. Pass-through entity identifying numbers are presented where available.

Note 3. Food Distribution

Nonmonetary assistance is reported in the schedule at the fair value of the commodities received and disburse. For the year ended June 30, 2023, the District received food commodities totaling \$26,811.

Note 4. Indirect Cost Rate

The Eminence Independent School District has not elected to use the 10-percent de minimis cost rate allowed under Uniform Guidance.



124 Candlewood Drive Winchester, KY 40391

Independent Auditor's Report On Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and On Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with Government Auditing Standards

Kentucky State Committee for School District Audits Board of Education of the Eminence Independent School District Eminence, KY

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements prescribed by the Kentucky State Committee for School District Audits in the *Independent Auditor's Contract, Including Appendix II Instructions for Submissions of the Audit Report,* the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Eminence Independent School District, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2023, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Eminence Independent School District's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated November 8, 2023.

Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the Eminence Independent School District's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Eminence Independent School District's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Eminence Independent School District's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements, on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or, significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified.

Report on Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Eminence Independent School District's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of This Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

farmmy R. Patrick, CPA

Patrick & Associates, LLC Winchester, Kentucky

November 8, 2023



Independent Auditor's Report On Compliance for Each Major Program And On Internal Control Over Compliance Required by the Uniform Guidance

Kentucky State Committee for School District Audits Board of Education of the Eminence Independent School District Eminence, KY

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

We have audited the Eminence Independent School District's compliance with the types of compliance requirements identified as subject to audit in the OMB *Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of the Eminence Independent School District's major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2023. The Eminence Independent School District's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

In our opinion, the Eminence Independent School District complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2023.

Basis for Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance); and the audit requirements prescribed by the Kentucky State Committee for School District Audits in the *Independent Auditor's Contract, Including Appendix II – Instruction for Submission of the Audit Report*. Our responsibilities under those standards and the Uniform Guidance are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section of our report.

We are required to be independent of the Eminence Independent School District and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. Our audit does not provide a legal determination of the Eminence Independent School District's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above.

Responsibilities of Management for Compliance

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements referred to above and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of effective internal control over compliance with the requirements of laws, statutes, regulations, rules, and provisions of contracts or grant agreements applicable to the Eminence Independent School District's federal programs.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether material noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above occurred, whether due to fraud or error, and express an opinion on the Eminence Independent School District's compliance based on our audit. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, *Government Auditing Standards*, Uniform Guidance, and the Independent Auditor's Contract, will always detect material noncompliance when it exists. The risk of not detecting material noncompliance resulting from fraud is higher than for that resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above is considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, it would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user of the report on compliance about the Eminence Independent School District's compliance with the requirements of each major federal program as a whole.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, *Government Auditing Standards*, Uniform Guidance, and the Independent Auditor's Contract, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material noncompliance, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the Eminence Independent School District's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.
- Obtain an understanding of Eminence Independent School District's internal control over compliance relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Eminence Independent School District's internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and any significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in internal control over compliance that we identified during the audit.

Report on Internal Control over Compliance

A *deficiency in internal control over compliance* exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A *material weakness in internal control over compliance* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance over compliance with a type of compliance over compliance of a federal program of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance o

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section above and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance may exist that were not identified.

Our audit was not designed for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

farmmy R. Patrick, CPA

Patrick & Associates, LLC Winchester, Kentucky

November 8, 2023

Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs

SUMMARY OF AUDITOR'S RESULTS	
What type of report was issued for the financial statements?	Unmodified
Were there significant deficiencies in internal control disclosed? If so, was any significant deficiencies material (GAGAS)?	None Reported
Was any material noncompliance reported (GAGAS)?	No
Were there material weaknesses in internal control disclosed for major programs?	No
Were there any significant deficienceis in internal control disclosed that were not considered to be material weaknesses?	None Reported
What type or report was issued on compliance for major programs?	Unmodified
Did the audit disclose findings as it relates to major programs that are required to be reported as described in Uniform Guidance?	No
Major Programs	Education Stabilization Fund Federal Assistance Number 84.425C, 84.425D, 84.425U
Dollar threshold of Type A and B programs?	\$750,000
bondi tineshold of type / and b programs.	\$730,000
Low risk auditee?	Yes
Low risk auditee?	
Low risk auditee? FINDINGS – FINANCIAL STATEMENT AUDIT	Yes
Low risk auditee? FINDINGS – FINANCIAL STATEMENT AUDIT No findings at the financial statement level.	Yes
Low risk auditee? FINDINGS – FINANCIAL STATEMENT AUDIT No findings at the financial statement level. FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS – MAJOR FEDERAL AWARD	Yes
Low risk auditee? FINDINGS – FINANCIAL STATEMENT AUDIT No findings at the financial statement level. FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS – MAJOR FEDERAL AWARD No major federal award findings	Yes
Low risk auditee? FINDINGS – FINANCIAL STATEMENT AUDIT No findings at the financial statement level. FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS – MAJOR FEDERAL AWARD No major federal award findings SUMMARY SCHEDULE – PRIOR YEAR AUDIT FINDINGS	Yes
Low risk auditee? FINDINGS – FINANCIAL STATEMENT AUDIT No findings at the financial statement level. FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS – MAJOR FEDERAL AWARD No major federal award findings SUMMARY SCHEDULE – PRIOR YEAR AUDIT FINDINGS FINDINGS – FINANCIAL STATEMENT AUDIT	Yes